#### STATE OF UTAH

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Prepared by:

Department of Finance and Administration

Ronald W. Foggin

Finance Director

**Edward Collins** 

City Administrator

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

·	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	I
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	VI
Organizational Chart	VII
List of Principal Officials	VIII
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	16
Statement of Activities	17-18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	21
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Assets	22-23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Assets	24
Statement of Cash Flows	25-26
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27-55
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Financial Statements - Non-Major Governmental Funds	67
Combining Balance Sheet	57
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	58
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects, Special Revenue	
and Debt Service Funds	<b></b>
Capital Projects Streets Fund	60
Capital Projects MBA Fund	61
Redevelopment Agency	62
General Debt Service Fund	63
Redevelonment Agency Debt Service Fund	64

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Supplementary Individual Fund Schedules - General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	66-68
Combining Financial Statements - Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Assets	71
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	72
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Table 1 - General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses by Function	73
Chart 1 - Total General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses	74
Table 2 - General Governmental Revenues and Other Financing Sources	75
Chart 2 - General Governmental Revenue and Other Financing Sources	76
Table 3 - Tax Revenues by Source	77
Chart 3 - Tax Revenues by Source	78
Table 4 - Property Tax Levies and Collections	79
Table 5 - Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	80
Table 6 - Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation	
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses	<b>8</b> 1
Table 7 - Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	82
Table 8 - Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt - General	
Obligation Bonds	83
Table 9 - Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits	84
Table 10 - Principal Taxpayers	85
Table 11 - Computation of Legal Debt Margin	86
Table 12 - Ration of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	<b>8</b> 7
Table 13 - Revenue Bond Coverage	88
Table 14 - Demographic Statistics	. 89
Table 15 - Statistical Information	90
Table 16 - Special Assessment Billings and Collections	91

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



153 North 100 East – P.O. Box 255 – Lehi, Utah 84043-1895 801-768-7100 – Fax: 801-768-7101

December 1, 2005

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Lehi City:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Lehi City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by Osborne, Robbins and Buhler PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accounts. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year June 30, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### Profile of the Government

Lehi is located 12 miles north of Provo and 23 miles south of Salt Lake City. Lehi was settled by Mormon pioneers in 1850 and was known by several different names: Sulphur Springs, Snow's Springs, Dry Creek and Evansville. The final name settled on by the Town's people was Lehi. The City was incorporated in 1852. Lehi is Utah's sixth oldest City.

The City has had a strong mayor form of government since 1852. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five city council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, recorder, and treasurer. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing heads of the various departments. The mayor and city council are elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and all five city council seats are elected at large.

Lehi has a rich history. The Overland Stage Coach Route ran though the Town. The famous Pony Express Trail ran next to the Town. The Transcontinental Telegraph line ran adjacent to the City.

The City is a beautiful place to live. Just to the south is Utah Lake used for boating, fishing and hunting. The river that drains Utah Lake is the Jordan River, which runs through the City. To the east of the City are the beautiful Wasatch Mountains and to the west are the White Mountains and Oquirrh Mountains. All of which are within thirty minutes of Lehi offering a variety of activities including hiking, mountain biking, fishing, camping and skiing.

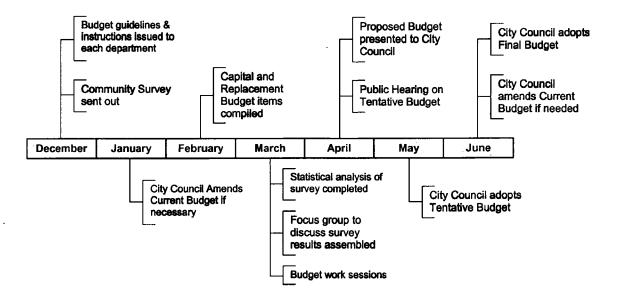


The City has a very western feel with many of the downtown businesses operating in buildings built in the late 1800s. The Lehi Roundup is a five-day celebration with many different community events, a stock parade, a standard parade and a professional rodeo. The Lehi Roundup Rodeo is one of the oldest rodeos in the state.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and roads; parks; both commercial and residential building inspection; a wide variety of recreational programs; and cultural events. The City also owns and operates a culinary water system, a secondary water system, a wastewater system, a storm water system, an

electrical distribution system, solid waste collection, a swimming facility, and an emergency medical service.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City's budget process is well laid out starting in December for a budget that will be adopted by June 22 and goes into effect July 1. The creation of the budget follows the time line below:



The City is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget. The first public hearing must be held by May 22 for the adoption of the tentative budget. The second public hearing must be held by June 22 for the adoption of the final budget.

Within the existing budget, department heads may make transfers of appropriations inside their department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 21 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, other than the general fund, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 60. Also included in the governmental fund subsection are project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental fund for which a project-length budget has been adopted (i.e., the special revenue funds and the capital project fund).

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

#### **Local Economy**

The City has enjoyed strong residential growth for the last ten years and it appears that growth will continue for a number of years to come. The commercial growth has been slightly slower

than the residential, but with the official opening of a Cabela's outdoor retail store in August 2005 and the announcement of a new Loews Hardware and a Costco the City is confident that commercial construction will increase dramatically. Forest City, a large developer of first class retail space, has announced that they intend to build a large outdoor mall next to the new Cabela's store. The City has some of the best undeveloped commercial frontage along the Wasatch Front.

The region has Brigham Young University, Utah Valley State College and the University of Utah within 25 minutes of the City center. These higher education facilities employ more than 3,000 people. These universities provide a strong educated work force for a large number of high tech businesses in the area. The region also provides some of the best medical facilities in the western United States. Utah County, the County in which the City is located, has an unemployment rate of 3.5%, which is slightly lower than the State of Utah, which is at 4%.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The City's long-term goals are expressed simply as meeting tomorrow's needs with good financial decisions and by continuing to forecast capital improvements into the future. The identification and implementation of long term planning has permitted the City to construct one of the finest park systems in our region. From just three parks a few years ago to more than a dozen major facilities today we have successfully transformed our community's park system and created exceptional open spaces for our citizen's enjoyment. The strategic planning for parks has been expanded to include a trail system that will allow joggers, walkers and bicyclists to enjoy the Dry Creek Basin, which runs through the entire City.

In our utility area numerous long-term goals include maintenance of a high service level and sufficient advance planning to meet expected demands. For example, the culinary water system planning process has required the City Engineer to prepare a capital facilities plan that provides for the provision of resources, storage and transmission systems to keep up with the demands of our growing community. Several recent examples of success in long-term planning have been made in the area of culinary and secondary water. With a good twenty year strategic plan the City was able to bond for several million dollars to complete projects that will increase storage and provide additional water resources. Without the strategic plan in place the City would not be able to anticipate infrastructure needs in a timely manner and some services could be interrupted.

Our storm drainage plans include ambitious expansions in the future to deal with years of neglect and the pressure of growth. Likewise, sewer and road systems are under careful review to be certain that as our systems age they are maintained in a manner that identifies and solves problems before failures occur. As with the culinary and secondary water, the City will use its strategic plan to bond for more electric system improvements. In the next fiscal year the City will add a new substation and several transformers to existing substations. With long term plans it becomes easier to be proactive rather than being reactive.

Finally, our commitment to public safety cannot be overstated. The City hired four fulltime fire/EMS employees in July 2005. The hiring of the new employees is Lehi City's first step towards providing 24/7 fire/EMS service. This was a huge commitment, but one that needed to occur as response time to accidents and fires had fall far below national standards. In addition to the fulltime employees the City will add additional space to the existing fire station. This new space will provide sleeping quarters, more storage, additional offices, and a much needed training room.

As a long-term goal it is clear that a sense of safety must be maintained if our citizens are to enjoy the wide array of programs and activities being provided in the community. Lehi's strategic plan has identified the need for several more satellite fire/EMS stations on the south and north ends of the City. If the growth continues as it has over the last ten years a new fire station will be critically needed in the next three years. A new satellite fire station will allow the fire and EMS departments to respond to emergency calls much faster on the northeast side of the City.

#### Cash Management Policies and Practices

The City maintains an active investment program with the State Investment Pool as well as with local banking institutions. All investments comply with the Utah Money Management Act. The City's investment policy includes many self-imposed constraints in order to effectively safeguard the public funds involved. Idle cash is invested on a daily basis. The City maintains a zero cash balance at the local bank. Funds wash into an investment account at the end of each day, maximizing the City's interest income.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. This was the eighth consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2005. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance, treasury, and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

ward of Colline

Edward M. Collins City Administrator

Finance Director

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Lehi City Corporation, Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2004

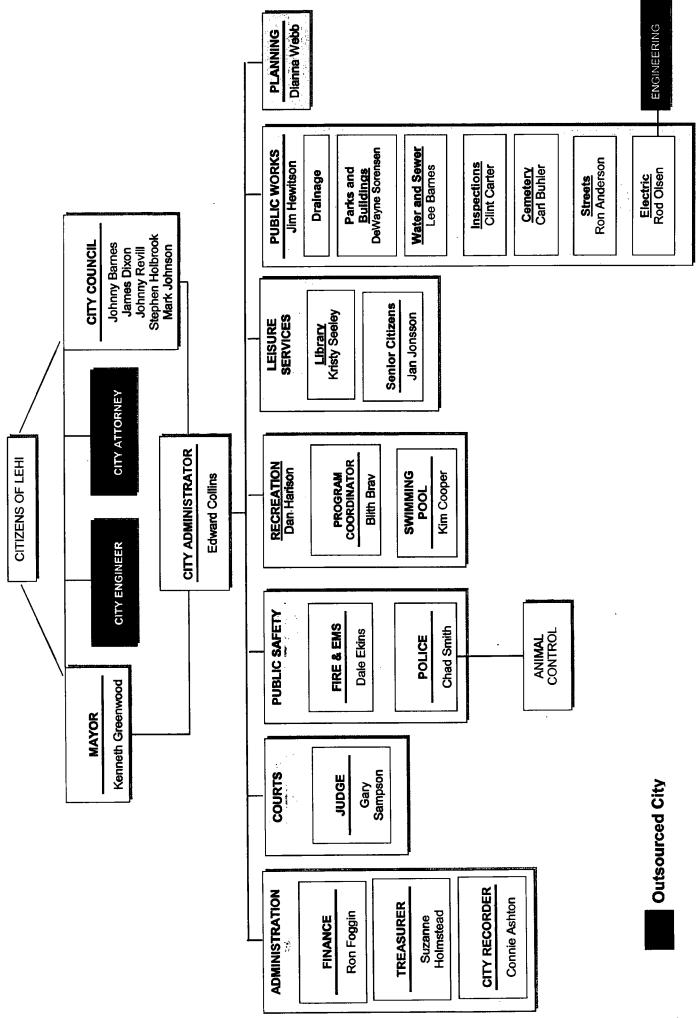
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Many & Ziele

President

Executive Director





For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005

#### Kenneth Greenwood Mayor

Johnny Barnes
Councilperson

James Dixon
Councilperson

Mark Johnson Councilperson

Stephen Holbrook
Councilperson

Johnny Revill
Councilperson

**Edward Collins**City Administrator

FINANCIAL SECTION

## OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, budgetary comparison, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2005, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 14 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lehi City Corporation, Utah basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, individual fund schedules, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Odome Kollins & Buhler PLCC

December 1, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

As management of the City, we offer readers of City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages I - V of this report.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of Lehi City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$184,241,720 (net assets). Of this amount, \$14,411,203 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The total net assets of \$184,241,720 are made up of \$165,087,261 in capital assets net of related debt and \$19,154,459 in other net assets.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$9,876,707. This ending fund balance is \$4,739,869 less than the beginning fund balance of \$14,616,576. The reduction in fund balance is due to the construction of an aquatic center and several road projects accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund.
- Lehi City's total debt increased by a net of \$2,105,191 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase are the issuance of \$5,251,200 in subordinated sales tax revenue bonds. This bond money was used to fund public improvements around a commercial development.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net assets presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Lehi City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

government, public safety, community development, streets and highways, parks, recreation and culture, and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, swimming pool, ambulance, and garbage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate museum for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Redevelopment Agency and Municipal Building Authority, although legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the City, and therefore have been included as integral parts of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spend-able resources, as well as on balances of spend-able resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, and the capital projects – streets fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, swimming pool, ambulance, and garbage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, the swimming pool fund, ambulance fund, and the garbage fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-26 of this report.

Notes to the financial statement. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27-55 of this report.

Other information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 56-72 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$184,241,720 at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (89.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### LEHICITY'S NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004		
Current and other assets	\$ 17,877,862	\$ 22,370,720	\$ 14,742,575	\$ 12,157,475	\$ 32,620,437	\$ 34,528,195		
Capital assets	137,966,980	26,021,395	101,310,724	92,638,416	239,277,704	118,659,811		
Total assets	155,844,842	48,392,115	116,053,299	104,795,891	271,898,141	153,188,006		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	66,318,469	62,858,077	13,466,689	14,821,890	79,785,158	77, <b>67</b> 9,967		
Other liabilities	2,159,967	1,296,597	5,711,296	3,381,549	7,871,263	<b>4,67</b> 8,146		
Inter-fund balances	(3,101,497)	(2,646,786)	3,101,497	2,646,786		•		
Total liabilities	65,376,939	61,507,888	22,279,482	20,850,225	87,656,421	82,358,113		
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	76,480,271	(35,683,910)	88,606,990	78,4 <b>83,5</b> 65	165,087,261	42,799,655		
Restricted	2,464,432	1,934,133	2,278,824	1,0 <b>22,3</b> 88	4,743,256	2,956,521		
Unrestricted	11,523,200	20,634,004	2,888,003	4,439,713	14,411,203	25,073,717		
Total net assets	\$ 90,467,903	\$ (13,115,773)	\$ 93,773,817	<b>\$ 83,945,6</b> 66	\$ 184,241,720	\$ 70,829,893		

An additional portion of Lehi City's net assets (2.6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$14,411,203) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The governmental activities column reflects an increase in net assets of \$103,583,676. The increase arises because of the implementation of the retroactive reporting requirements applicable to infrastructure assets as prescribed in GASB 34.

The net assets of the City's business-type activities increased by 11.7% (\$93,773,817 compared to \$83,945,666) in 2004. This is attributable primarily to contributions of capital assets from developers and impact fee revenues.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$103,583,676, thereby accounting for 91.3 percent of the total increase in the net assets of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- \$90,854,828 of the increase in governmental net assets is due to the retroactive recognition of governmental infrastructure assets, which were recognized in 2005 under the retroactive reporting provisions of GASB Statement No. 34.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$10,876,250 over 2004 (228.7 percent). This arose primarily from the recognition of land, roads and sidewalk improvements that were added to the City's infrastructure by developers.
- Property taxes increased by 84.4% over 2004. This increase was primarily related to recognition of taxes levied for 2006 that are recognized in the government wide-financial statements. The 2006 levy was higher due to growth in the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

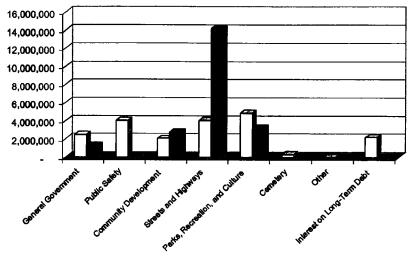
• Charges for services are up by \$1,109,006 (23.4 percent). The increase is due in part to impact fee revenues that have resulted from the large growth the City is experiencing, as well as the opening of the new aquatic center which increased revenues in recreation programs.

#### **LEHICITY'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS**

		mental vities	Busine activ		Tota	al
•	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 5,844,161	\$ 4,735,155	\$ 21,180,132	\$ 23,022,790	\$ 27,024,293	\$ 27,757,945
Operating grants and contributions	299,681	566 <b>,94</b> 8	11,308	11,690	31 <b>0,98</b> 9	578,638
Capital grants and contributions	15,6 <b>31,0</b> 15	4,754,765	<b>1</b> 1,1 <b>78,666</b>	5,391,982	26,809,681	10,146,747
General revenues:					-	
Property taxes	6,0 <b>87,9</b> 79	3,302,183	-	-	6,08 <b>7,97</b> 9	3,302,183
Other taxes	3,956,541	4,305,325	-	-	3,956,541	4,305,325
Other	703,060	587,986	62 <b>7,26</b> 0	299,614	1,330,320	887,600
Total revenues	32,522,437	18,252,362	32,997,366	28,726,076	65,519,803	46,978,438
Expenses:						
General government	2,473,715	2,148,621	-	-	2,473,715	2,148,621
Public safety	4,058,050	3,641,392	-	-	4,058,050	3,641,392
Community development	2,094,404	1,893,666	-	-	2,09 <b>4,40</b> 4	1,893,666
Highways/streets	4,075,003	2,134,311	-	-	4,075,003	2,134,311
Parks, recreation, and culture	4,880,066	1,847,707	-	-	4,88 <b>0,06</b> 6	1,847,707
Cemetery	303,608	298,869	•	-	303,608	298,869
Other	7,597	9,264	-	-	7,597	9,264
Interest on long-term debt	2,228,046	3,095,006	-	-	2,228,046	3,095,006
Culinary Water	-	-	1,806,484	1,586,672	1,806,484	1,586,672
Sewer	-	-	2,52 <b>9,95</b> 6	2,163,724	2,529,956	2,163,724
Pressurized Irrigation	-	-	1,368,222	1,144,007	1,368,222	1,144,007
Electric	-	-	14,829,348	16,775,273	14,829,348	16,775,273
Drainage	-	-	434,486	390,367	434 <b>,48</b> 6	390,367
Swimming Pool	-	-	235,355	304,497	235,355	304, <b>497</b>
Ambulance	_	-	381,408	386,564	381,408	386,564
Garbage	•	-	1,257,056	1,041,433	1,257,056	1,041,433
Total expenses		15,068,836	22,842,315	23,792,537	42,962,804	38,861,373
Increase in net assets before transfers	12,401,948	3,183,526	10,155,051	4,933,539	22,556,999	8,117,065
Transfers	326,900	313,700	(326,900)	(313,700)		
Increase in net assets	12,728,848	3,497,226	9,82 <b>8,15</b> 1	<b>4,</b> 619, <b>839</b>	22,5 <b>56,99</b> 9	8,117,065
Net assets, beginning	(13,115,773)	(16,612,999)	83,945,666	79,325,827	70,829,893	62,712,828
Prior period adjustment		•	•	-	90,85 <b>4,8</b> 28	-
Net assets at beginning of year, as restated		(16,612,999)	83,945,666	79,325,827	161,684,721	62,712,828
Net assets, ending	\$ 90,467,903	\$ (13,115,773)	\$ 93,773,817	\$ 83,945,666	\$ 184,241,720	\$ 70,829,893

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



□ Expenses ■ Program Revenue

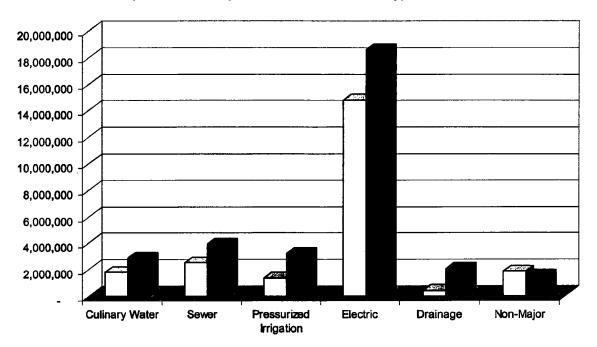
For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. Several noteworthy exceptions, however, are the City's highways and streets function, and parks, recreation and culture. The City's highways and streets function had growth in expenses of \$1,940,692 (91 percent) reflects the City's commitment to improving the City's roads through reconstruction and extensive maintenance. The parks, recreation and culture function had growth in expenses of \$3,032,359 (164 percent) over 2004. As mentioned earlier the City opened a new aquatic center, which dramatically changed the expenses in the recreation departments. In addition, the parks department had several large capital expenditures as part of the construction of a new sports park.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$9,828,151. At the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's major business-type funds reported positive net assets. Key elements of the increase in net assets are as follows.

- Charges for services for business-type activities decreased by \$1,842,658. The Electric Fund accounts for a significant portion of this with a decrease of \$1,945,925. This large decrease is related to a renegotiated power contract with Lehi City's largest power customer. Lehi was able to ensure a less expensive power resource for this customer resulting in less revenue collected. It should be mentioned that this also resulted in a reduction in expenditures, because the power did not cost the City as much to purchase.
- Capital grants and contributions for the business-type activities increased by \$5,786,684 or 107.2 percent from 2004. The increase is the direct result of contributions from developers, which was extremely high 2005, because of a large amount of growth in the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

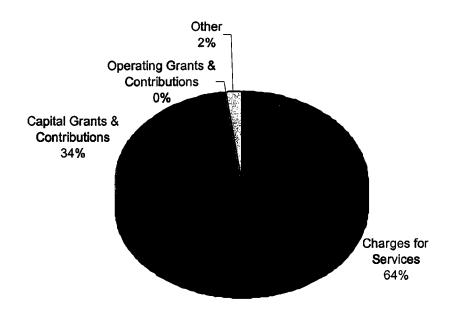
#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



□ Expenses ■ Program Revenue

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$9,876,707. \$4,676,384 of this total amount (47.3 percent) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, 2) to pay debt service, 3) to pay capital improvements commitments, 4) or for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$3,657,739, while total fund balance reached \$6,047,669. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 23.6 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 39

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

percent of that same amount. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$625,462 during the current fiscal year. This increase is due to increases in revenue in taxes, licenses, fees and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures.

The capital projects fund had a large decrease in fund balance of \$5,472,079, which left the fund with a fund balance of \$2,810,393. The reason for the decrease was the construction of the aquatic center, several street projects, and the construction of public infrastructure for a commercial development. The total capital outlay in this fund for 2005 was \$10,741,229.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type portions of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$2,888,003. Individually, the pressurized irrigation fund's unrestricted net assets totaled \$457,126, electric \$3,894,080, and drainage \$508,483. The culinary water fund had a negative unrestricted net asset amount of \$1,181,082, the sewer a negative amount of \$358,382 and the non-major enterprise funds a negative amount of \$432,222. Other factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds can be found earlier in this section under business-type activities.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the General Fund's original budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$17,103,345 to a final budget of \$14,831,850, a decrease of \$2,271,495. The budget adjustments can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$305,450 in increases related to general government, primarily allocated to the administration department and court department with both departments accounting for \$153,500 of the increase.
- \$527,600 in increases related to public safety, most of which was allocated to the police department.
- The parks, recreation and culture had an overall decrease of \$3,268,345. This decrease resulted from a decision to budget for the construction of the aquatic center in the capital project fund instead of the general fund. The parks department budget did increase \$303,000 from the original budget.
- \$77,000 in increases in community development.

General fund revenues were sufficient to meet all expenditures with taxes, licenses, fees and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures surpassing budgeted totals.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Lehi City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2005 amounts to \$239,277,704 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements including infrastructure and distribution systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and office furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

• A new aquatic center was added to the Legacy Center at a cost of \$4,258,446.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

- Public infrastructure was completed as part of a commercial development for Cabela's. This infrastructure consisted of new roads, culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, electric, and drainage at a cost of \$5,275,625.
- Capital contributions from development added \$6,522,200 in fixed assets to the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds.
- The electric fund made improvements to two substations totaling \$454,174.
- Several road projects were completed on the north end of the city at a cost of \$1,113,345.
- The City completed phase four of its new sports park adding a horse shoe pitching facility, parking lots, fencing, score boards, and basketball courts at a cost of \$171,327.

#### LEHI CITY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(net of depreciation)

·	Governmental activities		Busines	s-ty <b>pe</b>		
			activities		Total	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Land	\$ 31,887,914	\$ 27,491,654	\$ 1,816, <b>482</b>	\$ 1,710,482	\$ 33,70 <b>4,39</b> 6	\$ 29,202,136
Construction in progress	5,914,820	<b>2,03</b> 4,410	47,653	315,815	5,9 <b>62,47</b> 3	2,350,225
Buildings	11,657,343	<b>8,23</b> 5,790	1,826, <b>824</b>	1,895,942	13,484,167	10,131,732
Improvements, including infrastructure	84,715,866	7 <b>6,02</b> 5,094	95,956,351	86,902,762	180,672,217	162,927,856
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	3,483,079	<b>2,8</b> 65,259	1,657,083	1,802,785	5,140,162	4,66 <b>8,04</b> 4
Office furniture and equipment	307,958	224,016	6,331	10,630	31 <b>4,2</b> 89	234,646
Total	\$137,966,980	\$116,876,223	<b>\$101,</b> 310, <b>724</b>	<b>\$92,</b> 638,416	<b>\$2</b> 39,27 <b>7,7</b> 04	<b>\$2</b> 09,514 <b>,6</b> 39
					***************************************	

In addition, as mentioned earlier, infrastructure totaling \$90,854,828 (net of accumulated depreciation) was retroactively recognized under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. This is reflected in the numbers for 2004 above as though the assets had been recognized in prior years.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note E on pages 39-41 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$37,807,725. Of this amount \$6,385,112 is special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment and \$4,115,000 is excise tax debt which is secured by Class C road taxes. The remainder of the City's bonded debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

#### LEHI CITY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governmental activities		Busine	Business-type		
			activities		Total	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 292,194	\$ 547,623	\$ 154,809	\$ 237,696	\$ 447,003	<b>\$ 785,</b> 319
Special Assessment Bonds	3,780,987	4,612,888	2,604,125	<b>3,177,</b> 111	<b>6,3</b> 85,11 <b>2</b>	7 <b>,789</b> ,999
Excise Tax Bonds	4,115,000	4,555,000	-	-	4,115,000	4,555,000
Tax increment Note Payable to Developer	3 <b>9,12</b> 7,461	39, <b>006,</b> 764	-	-	39,127,461	39,006,764
Revenue Bonds	17,896,625	13,203,850	1 <b>0,27</b> 1,413	11 <b>,053,</b> 354	28,168,038	2 <b>4,257,</b> 204
Other Liabilities	1,106,202	931,952	436,342	353,729	1,542,544	1,285,681
Total	\$ 66,318,469	\$ 62,858,077	<b>\$ 13,466,689</b>	\$ 14,821,890	\$ 79,785,158	\$ 77 <b>,679</b> ,967
	<del></del>					

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

The City increased its total debt by \$2,105,191 in fiscal year 2005. The key factor for this increase was a sales tax revenue bond totaling \$5,251,200. The sales tax revenue bond was issued to make public improvements to a commercial area within the City.

Lehi City maintains an underlying "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's ("AAA" insured) for sales tax revenue bonds and an underlying "A3" from Moody's ("Aaa" insured) for the culinary water and pressurized irrigation funds. All bonds previous to these two were rated with an "AAA" with the purchase of bond insurance.

State statues limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$67,136,936 and Lehi currently has no general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for business-type debt, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current limitation for business-type projects is \$134,273,872, which significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type debt the City currently has.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note G on pages 41-48 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Utah County is currently 3.9% (unemployment data is not available for the City). This compares to the state unemployment rate of 4.0% and a national rate of 5.4%.
- The City continues to grow rapidly adding 1,068 single family residential units in the last fiscal year making the City the fastest growing community in Utah County and one of the fast growing in the state.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2006 fiscal year. The 2006 budget is balanced without the need of a property tax increase, or any large transfers from any of the proprietary funds. There are no expected rate changes for any of the services currently being provided by the City.

Cabéla's opened a new 160,000 square feet retail store in early fiscal year 2006. This one of a kind retailer is expected to bring 4,000,000 million visitors to Lehi in 2006. The store opened to the biggest opening Cabela's has ever had, and the City is excited about all the businesses that are expected to follow.

Costco and Loews broke ground early in the 2006 fiscal year and are expected to open their doors in 2006. These two stores are expected to generate \$200,000,000 in taxable sales. There are also several new restaurants and a hotel scheduled for construction during the fiscal year.

All these businesses opening their doors in Lehi mean more sales tax dollars for the City. The additional sales tax dollars will the City to add critical services that may have been lacking in the past. Sales tax revenue is forecast to be higher and with the additional increase Lehi is planning to continue its drive towards a fulltime fire/EMS department as well as adding stations for the department.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 153 North 100 East, Lehi, Utah, 84043.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

		ומק	MARV	GOVERNMENT			PONENT UNIT
	COVE	RNMENTAL		SINESS-TYPE	 		CHINGS
	-	CTIVITIES		CTIVITIES	TOTAL		USEUM
ASSETS							
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	2,253,624	\$	1,759,342	\$ 4,012,966	· \$	47,266
RECEIVABLES (NET)				-			
ACCOUNTS		-		2,698,792	2,698,792		•
TAXES		5,861,421		-	5,861,421		-
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		212,691		-	212,691		-
OTHER		41,751		-	41,751		-
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNIT		46,630		-	<b>46</b> ,630		-
INVENTORY		-		2,361,659	2,361,659		-
PREPAID ITEMS		-		30,857	30,857		-
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT RECEIVABLE		3,780,877		2,604,126	6,385,003		
WORKING CAPITAL DEPOSIT WITH		• •					
POWER SUPPLIER		-		52,576	<b>52</b> ,576		-
INVESTMENT IN WATER STOCK				•			
AND RIGHTS, AT COST		_		1,182,680	1,182,680		-
BOND ISSUE COSTS (NET)		288,921		285,439	574,360		
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		5,391,947		3,767,104	9,159,051		7,50
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		37,802,734		1,864,135	39,666,869		5,00
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		100,164,246		99,446,589	199,610,835		389,81
					 		449,57
TOTAL ASSETS		155,844,842		116,053,299	 271,898,141		449,37
IABILITIES							
INTERFUND BALANCES		(3,101,497)		3,101,497	•		•
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		631,850		2,847,109	3,478,959		4,23
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED		•				•	
ASSETS		252,114		-	252,114		•
DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		-		-	•		46,63
WAGES PAYABLE		199,248		70,403	<b>269</b> ,651		•
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		819,507		35,320	854,827		1,16
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		257,248		58,823	<b>316</b> ,071		-
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		•		110,354	110,354		-
DEFERRED REVENUE		-		2,589,287	2,589,287		-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2,622,947		1,377,026	3 <b>,999</b> ,973		-
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR:		• •					
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		100.559		109,086	209,645		-
LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS		100,608		-	100,608		-
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE		130,897		73,424	204,321		-
NOTE PAYABLE TO DEVELOPER		39,077,461		´-	39,077,461		-
BONDS PAYABLE		24,285,997		11,907,153	36,193,150		
				<u> </u>	 97.656.421		52,02
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<b>65,3</b> 76,939		22,279,482	 87,656,421		32,02
NET ASSETS							
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS,					1/2 000 0/1		200.04
NET OF RELATED DEBT		76,480,271		<b>88,606,9</b> 90	165,087,261		<b>39</b> 0,04
RESTRICTED FOR							
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		2,389,930		2,278,824	4,668,754		
DEBT SERVICE		74,502		-	74,502		7,50
UNRESTRICTED		11,523,200		2,888,003	 14,411,203		
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	90,467,903	S	93,773,817	\$ 184,241,720	<u> </u>	397,54

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		1	PROGRAM REVENUES	S
			· OPERATING	CAPITAL
•		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 2,473,715	\$ 1,300,040	\$ -	\$ -
PUBLIC SAFETY	4,058,050	<b>8</b> 6,129	80,399	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	2,094,404	<b>2,78</b> 1,526	-	-
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	4,075,003	19,475	201,544	13,994,868
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	4,880,066	<b>1,5</b> 79,155	17,738	1,636,147
CEMETERY	303,6 <b>08</b>	<b>7</b> 7,836	•	•
OTHER	7,597	•	-	-
INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT	2,228,046	<u> </u>		
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	20,120,489	5,844,161	299,681	15,631,015
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CULINARY WATER	1,806,484	1, <b>58</b> 9,361	-	1,296,553
SEWER	2,529,956	1,802,658	•	2,156,253
PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	1,368,222	1,134,314	-	2,102,328
ELECTRIC	14,829,348	14,735,942	-	3,916,871
DRAINAGE	434,486	381,558	•	1,706,661
SWIMMING POOL	235,355	81,985	-	-
AMBULANCE	381,408	<b>254</b> ,131	11,308	-
GARBAGE	1,257,056	1,200,183		
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	22,842,315	21,180,132	11,308	11,178,666
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 42,962,804	\$ 27,024,293	\$ 310,989	\$ 26,809,681
COMPONENT UNIT			100.000	e 22.501
HUTCHINGS MUSEUM	\$ 116,884	\$ 8,307	\$ 100,000	\$ 22,591

GENERAL REVENUES:

PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR GENERAL PURPOSES SALES TAXES LEVIED FOR GENERAL PURPOSES

FRANCHISE TAXES

MOTOR VEHICLE FEES IN LIEU

**INVESTMENT EARNINGS** 

OTHER

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

TRANSFERS

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY

RESTATEMENT FOR RETROACTIVE REPORTING OF GENERAL INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED

NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR

	NET REVENUE (EXPENSE) AND					
COMPONENT		GES IN NET ASSET				
UNIT	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
HUTCHINGS MUSEUM	VERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES TOTAL					
MOSLOW	TOTAL	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES			
\$ -	\$ (1,173,675)	\$ -	e (1.173.675)			
	(3,891,522)		\$ (1,173,675) (3,891,522)			
_	687,122	_	687,122			
_	10,140,884	-	10,140,884			
_	(1,647,026)		(1,647,026)			
_	(225,772)	-	(225,772)			
_	(7,597)	_	(223,772) (7, <b>597</b> )			
-	(2,228,046)	_	(2,228,046)			
	1,654,368		1,654,368			
	1,001,000		1,054,508			
			•			
-	1,079,430	1,079,430	•			
-	1,428,955	1,428,955	•			
-	1,868,420	1, <b>868,42</b> 0	•			
-	3,823,465	3,823,465	•			
-	1,653,733	1,653,733	-			
-	(153,370)	(153,370)	-			
-	(115,969)	(115,969)	•			
-	(56,873)	(56,873)				
	9,527,791	9,527,791				
	11,182,159	9,527,791	1,654,368			
\$ 14,01						
_	6,087,97 <b>9</b>		6 087 070			
-	1,758,008	-	6,087,9 <b>7</b> 9			
_	1,864,640	<u>-</u>	1,758,008			
_	333,893	•	1,864,640			
450	772,915	230,544	333, <b>893</b> 542,371			
-	557,405	396.716	160,689			
45						
450	11,374,840	627,260	10,747,580			
<del>-</del>		(326,900)	326,900			
45	11,374,840	<b>300,3</b> 60	11,074,480			
14,46	22,556,999	9,828,151	12,728,848			
383,08	70,829,893	83 <b>,945</b> ,666	(13,115,773)			
-	90,854,828	-	90,854,828			
383,08	161,684,721	83,945,666	77,739,055			

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2005

		CAPITAL	OTHER	TOTAL	TOTAL GOV
	GENERAL	STREETS	FUNDS		AMOUNTS
ASSETS					ACTIVIT
I AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 1,552,744	,	\$ 700,880	\$ 2,253,624	ASSETS
RECEIVABLES	,		000 000 0	167 170 \$	CAPITAL AS
TAXES	3,861,421	•	<b>7,000</b> ,000	125,108,0	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	212,691		*	169,717	ACHAI
OTHER	41,751	•	•	41,751	AND TH
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT	٠	3,780,877	•	3,780,877	THEFU
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	3,639,040	•	855,308	4,494,348	
DAJE FROM COMPONENT UNIT	46,630	•	•	46,630	OTHER LO
BESTRICTED CASH AND CASH					AVAILA
FOLIVALENTS	2.389,930	3,002,017	•,	5,391,947	EXPEND
TOTAL ASSETS S	-	\$ 6,782,894	\$ 3,556,188	\$ 22,083,289	DEFERR
					LONG-TER
LIABILITIES					ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	\$ 855,308	, 49	·	\$ 855,308	THECO
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	631,850	•		631,850	ARENO
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM					
RESTRICTED ASSETS	60,490	191,624	•	252,114	PROPERTY
WAGES PAYABLE	199,248	•	,	199,248	THATA
ACCRIED LIABILITIES	819.507	•	•	819,507	CURRED
DEFERRED REVENIE	3,130,135	3,780,877	2,000,000	8,911,012	DEFERR
MOTE BAVABLE TO WATER FIRM	•		537.543	537,543	
MOISTAN OF THE PROPERTY OF			-		INTEREST
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,696,538	3,972,501	2,537,543	12,206,582	OBLIGA
					FINANC
FUND BALANCES		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		312 YOU	FINDS
RESERVED FOR DEBT SERVICE	•	884,530	•	06C, 400	
MEDEL VILLI ON CALLED	7 189 930	1 975 857		4,315,787	NET ASSET
	1 657 739	•	•	3,657,739	
INVESTIGATION NET THE IN	Salt solo			•	
NONMAJOR:					
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	•	,	87,690		
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	•	1	899,461	195'668	-
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	•	•	31,494	31,494	
TOTAL FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS.	6,04 <b>7,669</b>	2,810,393	1,018,645	9,876,707	·-····
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,744,207	\$ 6,782,894	\$ 3,556,188	\$ 22,083,289	·

	LEHI CITY CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET LIABILITIES OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 39, 2005	BALAN	85
	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	49	9,876,707
	AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
	CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.		137,966,980
	OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT-PERIOD EXPENDITURES AND THEREFORE ARE DEFERRED IN THE FUNDS.		288,921
	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.		(66,318,469)
	PROPERTY TAXES AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS THAT ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT PERIOD EXPENDITURES ARE DEFERRED IN THE FUNDS.		8,911,012
1 1	INTEREST PAYABLE ON LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS DOES NOT REQUIRE CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND IS NOT REPORTED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS.		(257,248)
	NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES	~	90,467,903

DRPORATION	STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDIT DIRES	SIN FUND BALANCES	ITAL FUNDS	IN ENDED JUNE 30, 2003
LEHI CITY CORPORATION	STATEMENT OF REVENU	AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

								_	_																									-			
•																																					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS	AS EXPENDITURES WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	REPORT DEPRECIATION EXPENSE TO ALLOCATE	THOSE EXPENDITURES OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSETS.	CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES CAPITALIZED	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ONLY REPORT THE DISPOSAL OF ASSETS TO THE EXTENT PROCEEDS ARE RECEIVED	FROM THE SALE. IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, A	GAIN OR LOSS IS REPORTED FOR EACH DISPOSAL.	ao andrianta di anta da anta propagation de soci	SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF	ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS COMPENSATED ABSENCES,	AND INTEREST, DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT	FINANCIAL KESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT	KEPUKLED AS EXPENDITUKES IN THE GOVERN-	MENTAL FUNDS		PROCEEDS FROM DEBT ISSUES ARE AN OTHER FINANCING	SOURCE IN THE FUNDS, BUT A DEBT ISSUE INCREASES I ONG TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET	ASSETS.	REPAYMENT OF BOND PRINCIPAL IS AN EXPENDITURE IN	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, BUT THE REPAYMENT	REDUCES LONG-LERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS.	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT BOND ISSUE COSTS AS	EXPENDITURES. WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	AMORTIZE THOSE COSTS OVER THE LIFE OF THE	BONDS.	ISSUE COSTS INCURRED	AMORTIZATION OF ISSUE COSTS	SOME PROPERTY TAX REVENUES AND SPECIAL	ASSESSMENT REVENUES ARE NOT CONSIDERED	"AVAILABI.E" IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS OF INFRA- STRUCTURE NOT RECORDED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	FUNDS	0 444 620		1,062,031	2,702,550	1,300,040	831,970	547,766	542,371	20,714,561			2,351,371	3,982,637	2,163,457	2,518,285	4,562,906	329,604	87,616	10,741,229		2,113,343	2,230,367	31,080,815		(10,366,254)		3.571.403	(3,244,503)	(100,000)	5,399,485	5,626,385		(4,739,869)	14,616,576	\$ 9,876,707	
OTH <b>ER</b> GOVERNMENTAL	FUNDS	2 201 058	20012012	290,000		•		006	22,681	3,514,639			•	a .	384,445	•	•	•	98	•		2,113,343	2,230,367	4,728,221		(1,213,582)		7 873 658	(1,651,613)	•	148,285	1,320,330		106,748	911,897	\$ 1,018,645	
CAPITAL			. ,		,		831,970		361,514	1,193,484			•	•	•	•		•	87,550	10,741,229		•	•	10,828,779		(9,635,295)		,	(1.087.984)	•	5,251,200	4,163,216		(5,472,079)	8,282,472	\$ 2,810,393	
	GENERAL	(23 (13 7	4 283 213	472,031	2,702,550	1,300,040		546,866	158,176	16,006,438			2,351,371	3,982,637	1,779,012	2,518,285	4,562,906	329,604				٠	•	15,523,815		482,623		347 745	(\$04.906)	(100,000)	. <b>'</b>	142,839		625,462	5,422,207	\$ 6,047,669	
	•••	REVENUES	TAXES TAXES TOTAL	INTERCOVERNMENTAL	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	FINES AND FORFEITURES	SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE	MISCELLANFOLIS	INTERECT ON INVESTMENTS	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITIBES	CURRENT	GENERAL GOVERNMENT	PUBLIC SAFETY	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	CEMETERY	OTHER	CAPITAL OUTLAY	DEBT SERVICE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	REVERSION OF THE REVENUES OF T	EXPENDITURES		OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	TRANSFERS IN	TRANSFER TO COMPONENT UNIT	ISSUITANCE OF HONDS AND NOTES	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	

(171,929)

(5,399,485)

2,113,343

82,300 (14,199)

(232,070)

\$ 12,728,848

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

12,216,824

12,848,012 (3,797,201)

(176,878)

(4,739,869)

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 39, 2005

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		AMOUNTS	-	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES						
TAXES	\$ 6,484,000	<b>\$</b> 6,04 <b>9,00</b> 0	\$ 6,543,562	\$ 494,562		
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	2,287,500	3,745,000	4,283,213	538,213		
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	921, <b>500</b>	78 <b>2,00</b> 0	472,031	(309,969)		
CHARGES FOR SERVICE	1,926,000	2,259,000	2,702,550	443,550		
FINES AND FORFEITURES	951,000	1,10 <b>2,00</b> 0	1,300,040	198,040		
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	707,500	784,000	705,042	(78,958)		
TOTAL REVENUES	13,277,500	14,721,000	16,006,438	1,285,438		
EXPENDITURES						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	2,069,050	2,37 <b>4,50</b> 0	2,351,371	23,129		
PUBLIC SAFETY	3,452,100	3,97 <b>9,70</b> 0	3,9 <b>82,</b> 637	(2,937)		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	1,770,900	<b>1,847,90</b> 0	1,7 <b>79,</b> 012	68,888		
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	2,156,000	2,222,000	2,518,285	(296,285)		
PARKS, RECREATIONS AND CULTURE	7,333,095	4,064,750	4,562,906	(498,156)		
CEMETERY	322,200	343,000	329,604	13,396		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	17,103,345	14,831,850	15,523,815	(691,965)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES  OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,825,845)	(11 <b>0,85</b> 0)	482,623	593,473		
	(5,025,0.5)	(110,000)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			<b>245.64</b> 5	107.745		
TRANSFERS IN	550,000	550,000	747,745	197,745		
TRANSFERS OUT	(425,500)	(504,900)	(504,906)	(6)		
TRANSFER TO COMPONENT UNIT	(30,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	197,739		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	94,500	(54,900)	142,839			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,731,345)	(165,750)	625,462	791,212		
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,422,207	5,422,207	5,422,207	-		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,690,862	<b>\$</b> 5,256,457	\$ 6,047,669	\$ 791,212		

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

						BUSINE	SS-TY	<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>	IES				
	-	CIII INARV			PRE	PRESSIBIZED				<u> </u>	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE		
	ั๋ว `	WATER	SE	SEWER	RR	IRRIGATION	ELI	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE		FUNDS	,	TOTALS
ASSETS											•		
CURRENT ASSETS									•	,		•	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	₩	128,291	<b>∽</b>	131,068	69	117,111	<del>64</del>	1,135,063	\$ 247,809	\$00	•	<b>6</b> €9	1,759,342
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)		136,123		235,603		113,866		2,002,587	47,425	125	163,188		2,698,792
INVENTORY		132,106		4,515		43,635		2,181,403	-		•		2,361,659
PREPAID ITEMS		3,858		6,559		3,615		16,825			•		30,857
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		400,378		377,745		278,227		5,335,878	295,234	234	163,188		6,850,650
NON-CURRENT ASSETS													
NOTE RECEIVABLE FROM REDEVELOPMENT													
AGENCY		537,543		ı		,		•			•		537,543
NOTE RECEIVABLE - OTHER		r				ı		ı			í		1
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT RECEIVABLE		239,625		276,824		972,199		1,115,478		,	•		2,604,126
WORKING CAPITAL DEPOSIT WITH													
POWER SUPPLIER		Í		•		•		52,576			1		52,576
INVESTMENT IN WATER STOCK													
AND RIGHTS, AT COST		1,181,162				1,518		1		1	•		1,182,680
BOND ISSUE COSTS (NET)		169'19		33,527		59,854		86,470	43,	43,897			285,439
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,794,596		784,484		566,149		400,756	221,119	. 611	٠		3,767,104
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		1,003,904		180,743		365,583		190,275	113,630	630	10,000		1,864,135
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		16,392,208	<u>&amp;</u>	18,726,275		17,956,424		32,338,997	13,345,701	701	686,984		99,446,589
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		21,210,729	20	20,001,853		19,921,727		34,184,552	13,724,347	347	696,984		109,740,192
TOTAL ASSETS	69	21.611.107	\$ 20.	20.379.598	<del>6/3</del>	20,199,954	<del>69</del>	39,520,430	\$ 14,019,581	581 \$	860,172	69	\$ 116,590,842

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2005

JUNE 30, 2005									
				BUS	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	VITIES			
	B	CULINARY		PRESSURIZED			NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE	OR SE	
LIABILITIES	5	WATER	SEWER	IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	FUNDS		TOTALS
CURRENT LIABILITIES						,			:
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	€9	2,675,090	\$ 560,005	, 64	, ~	· &9	\$ 403	403,945 \$	3,639,040
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		61,452	537,974	49,429	<b>2,07</b> 2,357	4,127		121,770	2,847,109
WAGES PAYABLE		10,536	5,093	3,369	9 33,320		18	18,085	70,403
ACCRUED LIABILITIES			•	•	35,320	•			35,320
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		16,722	3,536	17,273	3 17,549	3,743		,	58,823
DEFERRED REVENUE		997,159	121,343	6	0 474,805	,		•	2,589,287
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES		70,834	17,650	30,768	771,002	-	7	7,827	327,256
CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS		226,750	77,585	234,170	340,091	130,000		41,174	1,049,770
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,058,543	1,323,186	1,330,989	9 3,173,619	137,870		592,801	10,617,008
									-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1	,	•	D25 011			ı	110 354
COSTOMER DEPOSITS		1				_			
COMPENSATED ABSENCES	•	23,611	5,884	10,256	6 66,726		7	2,609	109,086
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE, LESS			(		31 439	,	4	41 985	73 424
BONDS PAYABLE LESS CURRENT MATURITIES		2,673,941	707,550	2,915,266	4,	5 1,525,000			11,907,153
								1	210,000.00
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,697,552	115,434	775,524,7	4,293,915	000,625,1		44,5%	17,200,017
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,756,095	2,036,620	4,256,511	7,467,534	1,662,870		637,395	22,817,025
NET ASSETS									
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT		711,755,81	18,155,410	,C1	010,001,02	077'040'11		624,450	066,000,000
RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS		1,478,982	545,950					1	2,278,824
UNRESERVED	Į	(1,181,082)	(358,382)	457,126	3,894,080	508,483		(432,222)	2,888,003
TOTAL NET ASSETS		14,855,012	18,342,978	15,943,443	32,052,896	5 12,356,71	. 222	. 177,222	93,773,817
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	S	21,611,107	\$ 20,379,598	\$ 20,199,954	4 \$ 39,520,430	14,019,581	<b>&amp;</b>	860,172 \$	116,590,842

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TON THE LEAST ENDED JOINE 30, 2003		,					
			BUSIN	<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>	ITIES		
	CULINARY		PRESSURIZED			NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE	
	WATER	SEWER	IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	FUNDS	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES (PLEDGED AS SECURITY FOR REVENUE BONDS)							
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 1,222,652	\$ 1,802,658	\$ 1,042,462	\$ 14,607,311	\$ 381,558	\$ 1.454.314	\$ 20,510,955
HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES	366,709	•	91,852	128,631			
AUMISSION AND LESSON FEES	•	•	1	•		64,963	64,963
CONCESSION AND KEN I AL KEVENUES MISCELL ANFOLIS REVENIES	- 97	, 400	, .	. :	•	17,022	17,022
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,668,192	2,038,044	1,134,339	14.834.638	394 267	000 985 1	425,647
OPERATING EXPENSES						117000	617,000,175
PERSONNEL	685,870	205,059	153,442	1,331,976	1	362,366	2,738,713
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	53,182	23,885	4,086	74,651	26,845	22,937	205,586
OFERALING AND MAINTENANCE	395,259	1,794,512	593,291	11,895,405	6,542	1,382,597	16,067,606
DEFRECIATION	552,747	456,601	467,072	1,276,631	300,394	102,516	3,155,961
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,687,058	2,480,057	1,217,891	14,578,663	333,781	1,870,416	22,167,866
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(18,866)	(442,013)	(83,552)	255,975	60,486	(334,117)	(562,087)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE IMPACT FEF REVENUE (PLEDGED AS SECTIRITY		•	,	,	1	11,308	11,308
FOR REVENUE BONDS)	1,156,193	557,380	1,682,501	1.260.392	,		A 656 466
INTEREST INCOME	26,922	28,503	76,903	93,016	5,200	į	230.544
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	4,500		*	(33,431)	1	,	(28,931)
INTEREST EXPENSE	(113,545)	(44,892)	(144,665)	(244,246)	(95,827)	(3,403)	(646,578)
AMORTIZATION OF BOND ISSUE COSTS	(5,881)	(5,007)	(2,666)	(6,439)	(4,878)		(27,871)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,068,189	535,984	1,609,073	1,069,292	(95,505)	7,905	4,194,938
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND						-	
TRANSFERS  CAPITAL CONTRIBITIONS	1,049,323	93,971	1,525,521	1,325,267	(35,019)	(326,212)	3,632,851
OPER ATING TRANSPIRED FROM OTHER BINDS	140,360	1,598,873	419,827	2,656,479	1,706,661	•	6,522,200
OPERATING TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	(135,000)	(115,000)	(100,000)	(200,000)	1 1	223,100	223,100
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	1,054,683	1,577,844	1,845,348	3,781,746	1,671,642	(103,112)	9,828,151
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,800,329	16,765,134	14,098,095	28,271,150	10,685,069	325,889	83,945,666
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 14,855,012	\$ 18,342,978	\$ 15,943,443	\$ 32,052,896	\$ 12,356,711	\$ 222,777	\$ 93,773,817
							H

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005						RISINE	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	VITTES					
										NON	NONMAJOR		
	COL	CULINARY	i		PRESSURIZED	ZED		Ž	3DAMA	FINTE	ENTERPRISE ETINDS	TOTALS	<i>5</i>
	M	WATER	SEWER	    ⊾	IKKKATION	2	ELECTRIC	5	DRAINAGE	2	INDS	101	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6	403 781	1 784	\$ 509 582 1	-	295 62.1	\$ 15.176.528	<b>6</b> 9	379,171	<b>~</b>	1,509,108	\$ 21,576,845	.845
CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS	<del>-</del>	(169,667)	,	_	(9)	(622.281)	_		(54,843)		(1,401,511)	(17,959,570)	,570)
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS		(465 244)	1617	(103.888)	2	(144.873)	(1.279.532)	` a	` '	•	(360,798)	(2,644,335)	,335)
CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES		649 127	187	184.694	2	(235.542)	. '				79,086	,119	677,365
RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS) FROM OTHER FONDS OTHER RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS)		78,831	23.	235,386		25	125,933	~  ~	12,709		,	452,	452,884
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,179,874	300	300,337	7	158,851	330,165	101	337,037		(174,115)	2,103,189	,189
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							•		•		11,308	Ξ	11,308
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE TERANGEEDS IN						,	•		•		223,100	223	223,100
TRANSFERS OUT		(135,000)		(115,000)		(100,000)	(200,000)	<u>ା</u>			1	(550	(550,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(135,000)		(115,000)	ī	(100,001)	(200,000)	<u> </u>			234,408	(315	(315,592)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	•												
	J	(1,175,763)	(2)	(272,725)	(1,2	(1,228,083)	(960'89)	(9	(5,940)		(41,939)	(2,787,546)	7,546)
ACQUISITION OF WATER STOCK AND RIGHTS ACQUISITION OF WATER STOCK AND RIGHTS		1		1		Ì	,						ı
PAYMENTS RECEIVED ON STECIAL ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE		52,728	9	60,914	7	213,928	245,457	7	•		•	573	573,027
PROCEEDS FROM ISSUANCE OF BONDS		1		ı		ι	•		•		•		t :
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS		, ;	•	, ;	•		. 24.76.45	é	(175,000)			(1.350	11 350 561)
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS		(259,004)	T)	(117,451)	25	(382,047)	(473,439)	<u>د</u> د	(96,088)		ı <b>,</b>	(640	(640.247)
INTEREST PAID ON BONDS		(115,954)	<u>.</u>	(47,404)	2	41,407)	14,002)	(7	(000,000)		,		
BOND ISSUED COSTS PAID BAYMENTS MADE ON CAPITAL LEASES							(38,341)	<u>(</u>	•		(44,546)	. (82	(82,887)
INTEREST PAID ON CAPITAL LEASES		•		•			(4,586)	9	•	•	(3,403)	<b>C</b> ;	(7,989)
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		4,500		ı		•	16,683	Ξ,	,		,	21	21,183
· IMPACT FIES COLLECTED		1,156,193	55	557,380	<u>`</u>	,682,501	1,260,392	2				4,656	4,656,466
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(337,280)	=	180,714		138,290	707,638	<u></u>	(227,028)		(888,888)	372	372,446
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ISSULANCE OF MOTES RECEIVAN F		(222,654)		•			•		•		•	(222	(222,654)
PAYMENTS RECEIVED ON NOTES RECEIVABLE		138,700		•			1		. ;			38 3	138,700
INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED		26,922		28,503		76,903	93,016	  e	5,200			23(	230,544
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(57,032)		28,503		76,903	93,016	  2	5,200			146	146,590

CONTINUED

FOR THE LEAN ENDED SOITE SO, 2005						BUSII	IESS-T	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TES					
	0	CILINARY			PRE	PRESSURIZED					NO ENT	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE		
	,	WATER	0,	SEWER	R	IRRIGATION	Ξ	ELECTRIC	DR	DRAINAGE	I	FUNDS	TOTALS	ALS.
NET BIODEACE INCODEACENTO CACU AND CACU														
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH FOLHVALENTS		650,562		394,554		245,084		930,819		115,209		(29,595)	2,3	2,306,633
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,272,325		520,998		438,176		605,000		353,719		29,595	3,2	3,219,813
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	υ	1,922,887	S.	915,552	æ	683,260	s,	1,535,819	<del>\$</del>	468,928	٠٠	•	\$ 5,5	5,526,446
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF:														
UNRESTRICTED CASH	<del>69</del>	128,291	<b>⇔</b>	131,068	جو	117,111	<b>6</b> 4	1,135,063	<del>\$</del>	247,809	<b>~</b>		5.1.	1,759,342
RESTRICTED CASH		1,794,596		784,484		566,149		400,756		221,119		,	3,7	3,767,104
	ss.	1,922,887	S	915,552	∽	683,260	<b>~</b>	1,535,819	~	468,928	so.		\$ 5,5	5,526,446
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS ACQUIRED IN EXCHANGE FOR														
BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED	<del>€?</del>	976,509	4	121,344	4	995,980	<b>69</b>	474,804	<b>↔</b>	ı	<b>∽</b>		\$ 2,5	2,568,637
CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM DEVELOPERS		140,360		1,598,873		419,827		2,656,479		1,706,661		1	6,5	6,522,200
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ç	(18 866)	64	(442.013)	€^1	(83.552)	•	255.975	❤	60,486	<b>↔</b>	(334,117)	· •	(562,087)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	•		•										•	
OPERALING ACTIVILIES DEPRECIATION		552,747		456,601		467,072		1,276,631		300,394		102,516	3,	3,155,961
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES													•	,
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		4,420		(16,963)		(1,752)		440,586		(2,387)		(27,190)		396,714
INVENTORY		(73,494)		18		(18,307)		(1,322,925)		01 456)		300 5	Ë `	(1,414,639)
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		42,513		100,000		(1600)		(104,666)		(001,13)	٠	X ,	2	(pac') /4
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS ACCRITED LIABITITIES		. (090)		2.184		1.318		8.167				. 1		11,409
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		20,887		8,987		7,251		43,895		•		1,594		82,614
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		. 1		. '		•		27,237		•		•		27,237
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		649,127		184,694		(235,542)		•		1		280,67	•	677,365
DEFERRED REVENUE		•		-		•		•		,		,		
	*	1,179,874	∽	300,337	ام	129,891	~	330,165	↔	337,037	S	(174,115)	\$ 2,	2,103,189

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lehi City Corporation (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah in 1852 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, community development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, drainage, and power systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

## Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legal separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year end. The following entities are reported as blended component units:

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency - The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the RDA have been included in the financial reporting entity as a special revenue fund and a debt service fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Lehi City Municipal Building Authority - The Lehi City Municipal Building Authority (MBA) was created to finance and construct municipal buildings, which are then leased to the City. The MBA is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. The MBA has been included in the financial reporting entity as a capital projects fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the MBA.

The City's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. The following entity is reported as a discretely presented component unit:

The Hutchings Museum - The Hutchings Museum is a separate non-profit entity under its own articles of incorporation. The Lehi City Mayor and Council appoint and approve the Museum Board of Directors. The City has financial responsibility for the operations of the Museum. The assets and inventories of the Hutchings Museum are controlled and maintained by the Board. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Hutchings Museum.

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, streets, community development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, garbage, ambulance and swimming pool services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, community development, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes, impact fees, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and franchise taxes, etc.).

The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate.

The following fund types are used by the City:

## Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- General fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounting for in another fund.
- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type proprietary funds.

## Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

• Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

## Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

## Cash and cash equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agents and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

## Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Certain restricted cash and cash equivalents are held by a fiscal agent for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Inventories**

Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of materials used in the construction and repair of the transmission, distribution, collection, and treatment systems are valued at the lower of cost or market on a weighted average basis. Supplies inventories, consisting principally of office supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Transformers are valued at the lower of cost or market on a specific identification basis.

## Capital assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on these assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Buildings and structures	<b>10-5</b> 0
Improvements, including distribution systems and	
other infrastructure	10-50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-15
Office furniture and equipment	<b>10-5</b> 0

GASB No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the beginning of the current year. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities) traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The retroactive reporting of infrastructure is subject to an extended implementation period and is first required for fiscal years ending in 2007.

# Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: intergovernmental revenue, sales and franchise taxes, charges for services, interest, and other fees.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30. Special assessments become an enforceable lien when assessed.

The City records utility revenues billed to its customers when meters are read at the end of each month. There are no unbilled accounts receivable at June 30, 2005. The accounts receivable for these revenues are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts (\$300,000 at June 30, 2005.)

## Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued as incurred based on the years of service for each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulated vacation cannot exceed 80 hours at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination, all unpaid accrued vacation is paid to the beneficiary. Proprietary funds expense all accrued vacation amounts when incurred. Governmental funds report an expenditure as the vacation is paid or at termination. The current portion is determined by the City to be the portion of vacation pay due employees who terminated prior to year-end.

Accumulated sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month. Employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Upon retirement, employees may elect to be paid 25% of outstanding sick pay or may have 75% of outstanding sick pay deposited into an annuity account for their benefit. Proprietary funds expense 75% of sick pay when it is earned by the employee. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick pay is paid. The current portion is the accrued sick pay for employees of governmental funds who terminated prior to year end.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Interfund Activity**

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and, in the government-wide statement of activities, reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

## Fund Equity Reserves

Fund balance – in the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated for a specific purpose.

Restricted net assets – in the government wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose.

## Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

## Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## **Bond** issue costs

Bond issuance costs are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method which approximates the effective interest method.

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## Budgets and budgetary control

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with state law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year, beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in several different funds, including the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (that is, the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is established by activity and purpose within an individual fund. Each department head is responsible to the Mayor and City Council for spending within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unrestricted General Fund balance until it exceeds 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unreserved fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. When unreserved fund balance is greater than 18% of the next year's budgeted revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held to increase total appropriations of any governmental fund. With the consent of the Finance Director, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year.

Budgetary information included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City.

## NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investing are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council.

## Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. The deposits for the City at June 30, 2005 were \$1,317,721, \$1,045,000 of which was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

## Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities.

The Act authorizes investments in both negotiable and nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), and Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rate "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act.

The City's investments at June 30, 2005 are presented below:

		Investme	nt M	aturi	ties (	in y	ears)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-	.5	6-1	10_	Mo Thar	
Debt Securities Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund U.S. Treasuries Money Market Fund	\$11,627,665 254,051 27,346	\$11,627,665 254,051 27,346	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	<del>-</del>

## Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

## Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City follows the Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk. The City's rated debt investments are presented below:

			Q	ualit	y Ra	ting	S
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Value	AAA	AA	4	A	<b>\</b>	Unrated
Debt Securities					<u> </u>		
Utah Public Treasurer's							
Investment Fund	\$11,627,665	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	<b>\$</b> 11, <b>627</b> ,665
U.S. Treasuries	254,051	254,051		-		-	-
Money Market Fund	27,346	27,346		-		-	-

## Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2005, the City had invested \$254,051 in U.S. Treasury Securities where the underlying securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The remainder of the City's investments at June 30, 2005 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (\$11,627,665) and the Dreyfus Treasury Cash Management Money Market Fund (\$27,346) and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available at Note C.

## Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2005, the City did not have more than 5 percent of its investments in any single issuer other than the amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is not categorized as to concentration of credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available at Note C.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE C - EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The City invests in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) which is an external investment pool administered by Utah State Public Treasurer. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the State of Utah are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2004) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2005, the City had \$11,627,665 invested in the PTIF which had a fair value of \$11,629,456 for a gain of \$1,791. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized gain, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment. The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

Investment Type	Investment Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes Money Markets and	56.61%
Certificates of deposit	9.39%
U.S. Government securities	34.00%
	100.00%

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE D - RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balances of the City's restricted asset accounts are as follows:

		Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Excise bond construction account	\$ 1,862,779	\$ -	\$1,862,779	\$ -
Sales tax bond construction accounts	254,702	•	254,702	
Special assessment bonds				
construction account	_	46,929	46,929	-
Special assessment bonds future				
debt service	884,536	21,497	956,787	-
Unexpended impact fees	2,389,930	2 <b>,278</b> ,824	<b>4,6</b> 68,754	-
Revenue bond construction account	•	543,089	543,089	-
Revenue bond current debt service				
accounts	-	27,734	27,734	-
Revenue bond future debt service				
accounts	-	<b>849</b> ,031	849,031	•
Component unit endowment account		**	-	7,500
	<b>\$</b> 5,391, <b>94</b> 7	\$3,767,104_	\$9,159,051	\$7,500

# NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

	July 1, 2004	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2005
Governmental Activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 27,491,654	\$ 4,555,672	\$ 159,412	\$ 31,887,914
Construction in progress	2,034,410	5,032,764	1,152,354	5,914,820
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 29,526,064	\$ 9,588,436	\$1,311,766	\$ 37,802,734
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	<b>9,519,97</b> 6	\$ 3,824,031	\$ -	\$ 13,344,007
Improvements, including				
infrastructure	<b>86</b> ,656, <b>73</b> 9	11,424,838	-	<b>98,081,57</b> 7
Machinery, equipment and				
vehicles	<b>6,590,58</b> 6	1,224,939	83,731	7,731,794
Office furniture and equipment	753,942	154,946		908,888
Total depreciable capital				
assets at historical cost	103,521,243	16,628,754	83,731	120,066,266
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,284,186	402,478	-	1,686 <b>,66</b> 4
Improvements, including				
infrastructure	10,631,645	2,734,066	-	13,365,711
Machinery, equipment and				
vehicles	3,725,327	<b>589</b> ,653	66,265	<b>4</b> ,24 <b>8,71</b> 5
Office furniture and equipment	529,926	71,004		600,930
Total accumulated depreciation	16,171,084	3,797,201	66,265	19,902,020
Depreciable capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	\$ 87,350,159	\$ 12,831,553	\$ 17,466	\$100,164,246

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:
--------------------------

General government	\$ 155,068
Public safety	301,054
Community development	32,066
Streets and highways	2,774,546
Parks, recreation and culture	502,233
Cemetery	32,234
•	\$3,797,201

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

	July 1, 2004	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2005
Business-type Activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:  Land	\$ 1,710,482 315,815	\$ 106,000 48,578	\$ - 316,740	\$ 1,816,482 47,653
Construction in progress	\$ 2,026,297	\$ 154,578	\$ 316,740	\$ 1,864,135
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 2,020,231	<u> </u>		
Depreciable capital assets:	0.000.765	Φ.	\$ -	<b>\$</b> 2,2 <b>62,</b> 765
Buildings	\$ 2,262,765	\$ -	Ф	¥ 2,202,100
Improvements, including distribution systems	101,384,508	11,850,017	-	113,234,525
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	3,929,338	190,528	69,771	4,0 <b>50,0</b> 95
Office furniture and equipment	162,357			162,357
Total depreciable capital assets at historical cost	107,738,968	12,040,545	69,771	119,709,742
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	366,823	69,118	-	<b>435,94</b> 1
Improvements, including distribution systems Machinery, equipment and vehicles	14,481,746 2,126,553	2,796,428 286,116	- 19,6 <b>57</b>	17,278,174 2,393,012
Office furniture and equipment	151,727	4,299		156,026
Total accumulated depreciation	17,126,849	3,155,961	19,657	20,263,153
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$90,612,119	\$8,884,584	\$ 50,114	\$99,446,589
Depreciation was charged to functions Business-type activities:	as follows:	•		
Culinary water			\$ 552,747	
Sewer			456,601	
Pressurized irrigation			467,072	
Electric			1,276,631 300,394	
Drainage			49,0 <b>05</b>	,
Swimming pool			53,511	
Ambulance			\$3,155,961	
			Ψ3,133,701	

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	July 1, 2004	Increases	Decreas	es	June 30, 2005
Discretely Presented Component Un	it:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:			_		0 5000
Land	\$ 5,000	<u> </u>	\$\$		\$ 5,000
Depreciable capital assets:		•			
Buildings	<b>\$189,20</b> 0	\$ -	\$	-	\$189 <b>,20</b> 0
Improvements	299,872	4,015		-	303 <b>,88</b> 7
Office furniture and equipment	62,295	9,899			72,194
Total depreciable capital assets at historical cost	551,367	13,914			565,281
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	56,773	4,730		_	61 <b>,50</b> 3
Improvements	62,317	8,066		-	70 <b>,38</b> 3
Office furniture and equipment	40,653	2,932			43,585
Total accumulated depreciation	159,743	15,728			175,471
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$391,624	\$(1,814)	\$		\$389,810

# NOTE F - CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Business-type activity deposits are enterprise fund customer deposits the City requires from renters or businesses before they receive utility connection. The deposit is returnable when the residence is vacated by the renter, or the business has established a history of meeting its obligations to the City promptly.

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as of June 30, 2005:

# Governmental activities

99 Excise tax bonds	
\$2,500,000 excise tax term bonds due December 1, 2009 with	
interest at 3.6% to 4.45%	1,375,000
03 Excise tax bonds	
\$3,130,000 excise tax term bonds due June 1, 2013 with	
interest at 2.5% to 3.2%	2,740,000
03 Sales tax revenue bonds	
\$3,900,000 sales tax revenue term bonds due serially through	
June 1, 2024 with interest at 3.6% to 4.625%	3,900,000
\$8,345,000 sales tax revenue and refunding term bonds due	
serially through June 1, 2024 with interest at 2.25% to 5.0%	7,885,000
\$3,130,000 excise tax term bonds due June 1, 2013 with	2,740,000 3,900,000 7,885,000

# **JUNE 30, 2005**

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

Governmental activities - continued	
2001 Special assessment bonds	
59.2% of \$9,065,000 special assessment bonds due serially	3,780,987
through 2016 with interest at 5.55%	3,760,967
2004 Subordinated sales tax revenue bonds	
\$9,000,000 authorized, \$5,251,200 issued through June 30, 2005	
sales tax revenue bonds due in annual installments equal	
to 87.5% of the local sales and use tax and 100% of the	
transient room tax collected from the Cabela's Retail Store	5,251,200
Project area, due in 2024	3,231,200
Capital lease obligations	
Payable in annual installments ranging from \$17,588 to \$60,605	
including interest at 3.75% to 5.6%, maturing between 2006 and	202 104
2008	292,194
Tax increment note payable to developer	
Due in annual installments equal to 70% of the tax increment	
received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway Project, including	20 127 461
interest at 6.5%, due in 2009	39,127,461
1996 Sewer revenue bonds	
63.5% of \$2,400,000 in sewer revenue bonds due serially	0.60.40.5
through 2011 with interest rates ranging from 3.7% to 5.7%	860,425
	1 005 501
Compensated absences	1,005,594
	100,608
Compensated absences	
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt	100,608
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities	100,608
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities 1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds	100,608
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities 1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially	100,608 \$66,318,469
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%	100,608
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds	100,608 \$66,318,469
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%	100,608 \$66,318,469
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds  \$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798 \$3,598,304
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds  \$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with interest at 3.25% to 4.9%  1996 Sewer revenue bonds	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798 \$3,598,304
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds  \$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with interest at 3.25% to 4.9%  1996 Sewer revenue bonds  36.5% of \$2,400,000 in sewer revenue bonds due serially through	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798 \$3,598,304 1,240,000
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds  \$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with interest at 3.25% to 4.9%  1996 Sewer revenue bonds  36.5% of \$2,400,000 in sewer revenue bonds due serially through 2011 with interest rates ranging from 3.7% to 5.7%	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798 \$3,598,304
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds  \$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with interest at 3.25% to 4.9%  1996 Sewer revenue bonds  36.5% of \$2,400,000 in sewer revenue bonds due serially through 2011 with interest rates ranging from 3.7% to 5.7%  2000 Drainage revenue bonds	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798 \$3,598,304 1,240,000
Compensated absences Landfill closure and postclosure care liability  Total governmental activities long-term debt  Business-type activities  1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds  \$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%  2003 Water refunding bonds  \$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%  1999 Water refunding bonds  \$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with interest at 3.25% to 4.9%  1996 Sewer revenue bonds  36.5% of \$2,400,000 in sewer revenue bonds due serially through 2011 with interest rates ranging from 3.7% to 5.7%	\$66,318,469 \$3,269,798 \$3,598,304 1,240,000

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

# Business-type activities - continued 2001 Special assessment bonds 40.8% of \$9,065,000 special assessment bonds due serially through 2016 with interest at 5.55% Capital lease obligations Payable in annual installments ranging from \$22,330 to \$42,928 including interest at 4.22% to 4.77%, maturing between 2006 and

2008 154,809
Compensated absences 436,342
\$13,466,689

The following is a summary of the changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2005:

June 30, 2005:	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2005	Amounts due in 2006
Governmental activities					
Bonds, notes and leases payable		_	0 240 000	\$ 1,375,000	\$ 250,000
1999 Excise tax bonds	\$ 1,615,000	\$ -	\$ 240, <b>00</b> 0	2,740,000	205,000
2003 Excise tax bonds	2,940,000	=	200,000	3,9 <b>00</b> ,000	205,000
2003 Sales tax revenue bonds	3, <b>900,</b> 000	-	•	3,900,000	
2004 Sales tax revenue and			460.000	7,885,000	480,000
refunding bonds	8,345,000	-	460, <b>00</b> 0	2 <b>92,</b> 194	161,297
Capital lease obligations	547,623	-	255,429	292,194	101,277
2004 Subordinated sales tax				5,251,200	230,000
revenue bonds	<del>-</del> .	5,251,200	001.001		236,840
Special assessment bonds	4,612,888	-	<b>831,90</b> 1	3,780,987	250,040
Tax increment note payable to			27.500	39,127,461	50,000
developer	39, <b>006,</b> 764	148,285	27,588	, ,	104,775
1996 Sewer revenue bonds*	<b>958,85</b> 0		98,425	860,425	104,773
Total bonds, notes and				(6.010.067	1,717,912
leases payable	61,926,125	5,399,485	2,113,343	65,212,267	1,717,912
Other liabilities:				1.005.504	905,035
Compensated absences	831,344	922,460	748,210	1,005,594	905,055
Landfill closure and post-					
closure care liability	100,608			100,608	
Total other liabilities	931,952	922,460	74 <b>8,2</b> 10	1,106,202	905,035
Governmental activities					
long-term debt	\$62,858,077	\$ 6,321,945	\$2,861,553	\$66,318,469	\$2,622,947
iong-term door					

<sup>\*63.5%</sup> of the 1996 Sewer Revenue bonds will be repaid by the RDA, with the remaining 36.5% payable by the Sewer Fund. Therefore, the bonds are segregated between governmental activities and business-type activities.

## NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Capital project funds predominantly provide debt service for the excise tax bonds, special assessment bonds and lease revenue bonds. The debt service for the note payable to developer and the RDA's portion of the 1996 sewer bonds is provided by the RDA.

As of June 30, 2005, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

	Excise Tax Bonds		Sewer Rever	nue Bonds
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006	\$ 455,000	\$134,420	\$104,775	\$ 44,069
2007	475,000	118,919	111,125	37,944
2008	<b>490,</b> 000	102,821	114,300	31,718
2009	505,000	<b>8</b> 5,0 <b>38</b>	120,650	<b>25</b> ,375
2010	525,000	65,009	130,175	18,602
2011-2015	1,665,000	104,400	279,400	15,259
•	\$4,115,000	\$610,607	\$860,425	\$172,967

	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	
2006	<b>\$ 480,</b> 000	\$ 454,353	
2007	<b>500</b> ,000	<b>4</b> 44 <b>,20</b> 3	
2008	<b>500,</b> 000	433,516	
2009	515,000	420,819	
2010	525,000	406,185	
2011-2013	2,795,000	1,737,499	
2014-2018	3,270,000	1,141,637	
2019-2023	3,200,000	316,195	
	\$11,785,000	\$5,354,407	

Year ending June 30,         Principal         Interest           2006         \$ 236,840         \$ 209,82           2007         254,603         196,67           2008         269,406         182,546           2009         290,129         167,594           2010         307,892         151,492
2007     254,603     196,67'       2008     269,406     182,540       2009     290,129     167,594       2010     307,892     151,492
2008       269,406       182,540         2009       290,129       167,594         2010       307,892       151,492
2009     290,129     167,594       2010     307,892     151,493
2010 307,892 151,493
2011 2012
2011-2013 2,024,983 470,249
2014-2018 397,134 22,01
\$3,780,987 \$1,400,39

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2005:

<b>Julio</b> 30, 2003.	Balance July 1, 2004_	Additions	Deletions_	Balance June 30, 2005	Amounts due in 2006
Business-type activities:			<del></del>		
Bonds, notes and leases payable 1998 Electric refunding bonds	\$3,491,648	\$ -	\$ 221,850	\$3,269,798	\$ 230,000
2003 Water refunding bonds	3,879,858	-	281,554	3,59 <b>8,3</b> 04	285,000
1999 Water refunding bonds	1,335,000	-	95,000	1 <b>,24<b>0,0</b>00</b>	100,000
1996 Sewer revenue bonds*	56 <b>6,84</b> 8	-	58,537	50 <b>8,3</b> 11	60,225
2000 Drainage revenue bonds	1,780,000	-	125,000	1,655,000	1 <b>30,</b> 000
2001 Special assessment bonds payable	3,177,111	-	572,986	2,604,125	163,160
Capital lease obligations	237,696		82,887	154,809	81,385
Total bonds, notes and leases payable	14,468,161		1,437,814	13,03 <b>0,3</b> 47	1,049,770
Compensated absences	353,729	365,596	282,983_	436,342	327,256
Business-types activities long-term debt	<b>\$14,821,890</b>	\$365,596	\$1,720,797	\$13,466,689	\$1,377,026

As of June 30, 2005, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Electric Refur	nding Bonds	Water Refunding Bonds	
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
	<b># 220.000</b>	¢ 140 690	<b>\$</b> 385,000	\$ 170,345
2006	<b>\$</b> 23 <b>0,0</b> 00	\$ 148,680	•	•
2007	<b>245,0</b> 00	139,365	40 <b>0,</b> 000	159,019
2008	25 <b>0,0</b> 00	129,320	415,000	147,235
2009	27 <b>0,0</b> 00	118,945	430,000	133,952
2010	280,000	107,605	345,000	119,327
2011-2015	1,430,000	342,675	1,895,000	<b>39</b> 9,9 <b>56</b>
2016-2020	630,000	61,440	945,000	111,885
	3,335,000	1,048,030	4,815,000	1,241,719
Plus unamortized premium (less unamortized loss on	, .			
defeasance)	(65,202)	65,202	23,304	(23,304)
	\$3,269,798	\$1,113,232	\$4,838,304	\$1,218,415

## NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

	Sewer Reve	nue Bonds	Drainage Rev	enue Bonds
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006	\$ 60,225	\$ 25,331	<b>\$</b> 130 <b>,00</b> 0	\$ 89,837
2007	63,875	21,810	135 <b>,00</b> 0	<b>83,</b> 207
2008	65,700	18,232	145,000	<b>76,</b> 255
2009	69,350	14,585	150 <b>,00</b> 0	<b>68,</b> 715
2010	74,825	10,693	160 <b>,00</b> 0	<b>60</b> ,840
2011-2015	160,600	<b>8,7</b> 71	935,000	1 <b>62</b> ,680
	494,575	99,422	1,655,000	541,534
Plus unamortized				-
premium	13,736	(13,736)		
	\$508,311	\$85,686	\$1,655,000	\$541,534

	Special Assessment Bonds	
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2006	<b>\$</b> 163,160	\$ 144,547
2007	175,397	135,491
2008	185,595	125,756
2009	199,871	115,456
2010	212,108	104,363
2011-2015	1,395,019	323,956
2016-2020	272,975	15,168
	\$2,604,125	\$964,737

The City issued \$9,065,000 of special assessment bonds in 2001 to provide funds for the construction of streets, electric, water and sewer infrastructure in new residential and commercial developments. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received.

The amortization of compensated absences, subordinated sales tax revenues bonds, and the tax increment note payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

All outstanding revenue bonds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the City. Net revenues are defined in the revenue bond agreements. The City is required to establish rates (including connection fees) sufficient to pay the operation and maintenance expenses and to provide net revenues in an amount not less that 125% of the aggregate annual debt service requirement for the forthcoming fiscal year. The following summarizes the debt service coverage calculations for the various revenue bonds:

•	Electric Revenue Bonds	Water Revenue Bonds*	Drainage Revenue Bonds	Sewer Revenue Bonds
Net revenues Operating revenues	\$14,834,638	\$ 2,802,531	\$394,267	\$2,038,044
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation)	(13,302,032)	(1,885,130)	(33,387)	(2,023,456)
Impact fee revenues Interest income	1,260,392 93,016	2,83 <b>8,69</b> 4 103 <b>,82</b> 5	5,200	557,3 <b>8</b> 0 28,503
	2,886,014	3,859,920	366,080	600,471
Debt service funded in 2005 by the RDA on the sewer revenue bonds	_			148,285
Net revenues	\$ 2,886,014	\$ 3,859,920	\$366,080	\$ 748,756
Aggregate debt service for 2006	\$ 378,680	\$ 555,345	219,837	\$ 234,400
Ratio of net revenues to aggregate debt service Minimum ratio	7.62 1.25	6.95	1.67	3.19 1.25

<sup>\*</sup>The net revenues calculation for the Water Revenue Bonds combines the related information from the Culinary Water Fund and the Pressurized Irrigation Fund.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

## Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements. At June 30, 2005, the following bonds are considered defeased:

	Bond Series	Defeased Balance
Governmental Activities:	2000 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$5,980,000
Business-type Activities:		
Electric fund	1994 Electric Revenue	\$1,095,000
Culinary Water and	1989 Water Revenue - Series B	325,531
Pressurized Irrigation Funds	1989 Water Revenue - Series C	753,000

## NOTE H - CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when the terms of the lease agreement are met.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
2006	\$168,208	<b>\$ 90,8</b> 76
2007	84,112	54,523
- 2008	<b>60</b> ,606	22,330
Thereafter	_	
	312,926	167,726
Less amount representing interest	(20,732)	(12,920)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$292,194	\$154,809

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital lease are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Cost of equipment	\$459,467	<b>\$399,2</b> 91
Accumulated depreciation	<b>321</b> ,627	<b>63</b> ,981

## **JUNE 30, 2005**

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, Firefighters Retirement System, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Government Noncontributory Retirement System, the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, and the Firefighters Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy - Plan members in the local Governmental Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 6.00% of their annual covered salary (all of which is paid by the City) and the City is required to contribute 7.08% of their annual covered salary. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System the City is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, members are required to contribute 12.29% of their salary (all of which is paid by the City), and the City is required to pay 7.70% of members' annual salary. In the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System the City is required to contribute 19.08% of the members' annual covered salary. In the Firefighters Retirement System, members are required to contribute 8.61% of their annual covered salary (all of which is paid by the City), and the City is not required to contribute. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

The City contributions to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$475, \$6,455, and \$5,555, respectively; for the Noncontributory Retirement System the contributions for June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$429,206, \$357,107, and \$267,381, respectively; and for the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were \$180,213, \$233,293, and \$127,979, respectively; and for the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$46,566, \$23,930, and \$7,425, respectively. For the Firefighters Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$9,290, \$9,077, and \$7,413, respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE J - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City sponsors a defined contribution deferred compensation plan administered by ICMA under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by the State's contributory and noncontributory retirement plans. The plan, available to all permanent full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested in the employee's account from the date of employment. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was approximately \$8,922,000. Of that amount, approximately \$7,217,000 was eligible to participate in the plan. The City participates at rates between 0% and 2.68% depending on the employees' contributions. The rate of City participation can be changed by the City Council. During the year ended June 30, 2004, contributions totaling \$133,763 were made to the plan by employees and \$215,261 by the City.

## NOTE K - COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

The City has entered into a contract expiring in 2027 with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the purchase of power. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for an agreed-upon purchase amount of approximately .43% of production regardless of whether it is used. The City has also entered into an excess power sales agreement whereby all power purchased from IPA in excess of the City's need, will be sold to a group of California cities, thus relieving the City's excess power purchase liability.

The City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS), a political subdivision of the State of Utah created to secure electric power for the members of UAMPS. As a member, the City has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various projects in which UAMPS participates. The total cost of the power the City will be required to purchase in future years is not determinable, however, at a minimum, in connection with these power supply agreements, the City will be required to fund debt service on the UAMPS bonds which, at June 30, 2005, had an outstanding balance of \$9,295,838. During the year ended June 30, 2005, the City purchased power totaling approximately \$11.1 million. The City has also agreed to deposit funds into an interest bearing account held by UAMPS to be reserved as working capital. At June 30, 2005, the City has deposited \$52,576 in this manner. This amount is shown on the accompanying balance sheet as working capital deposit with power supplier.

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City management estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

# NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss except natural disasters. There were no decreases in coverage during 2003. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Expenses and claims not covered by insurance are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

nows.	2005	2004
Claims liability, July 1	\$ 22,107	\$ 71,322
Claims incurred during the year and changes in estimates	244,760	<b>60,</b> 000
Payments on claims during the year Payments made by insurance	114,341	100,610
Coinsurance and deductible insurance payments made by the City Claims liability, June 30,	30,823 \$121,703	\$,605 \$ 22,107

# NOTE M - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Individual fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds	Amount
Major enterprise funds: Culinary Water Fund Sewer Fund Nonmajor enterprise funds General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund General Fund General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds Culinary Water Fund	\$2,675,090 560,005 403,945 855,308 537,543 \$5,031,891

The interfund receivables/payables are related to operating funds temporarily loaned from the general fund to various enterprise funds. Additionally, the general fund collected certain revenues on behalf of one of the nonmajor governmental funds but at June 30, 2005 had not yet remitted them to the nonmajor governmental fund.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **NOTE N - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

	In	Out
Major Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 747,745	<b>\$</b> 50 <b>4,9</b> 06
Capital Projects Fund Streets	-	1,08 <b>7,9</b> 84
Culinary Water Fund		135,000
Sewer Fund	-	11 <b>5,0</b> 00
Pressurized Irrigation Fund	-	10 <b>0,0</b> 00
Electric Fund	•	200,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	2,823,658	1,651 <b>,6</b> 13
Nonmajor enterprise funds	223,100	
A.	\$3,794,503	<b>\$3,794,503</b>

## NOTE O - DEFICIT NET ASSETS

The Garbage Fund (a nonmajor enterprise fund) continues to operate in a deficit situation. The Garbage Fund had a net asset deficit of \$338,128 at June 30, 2005.

## NOTE P - EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the City incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in redevelopment expenditures (the legal level of budgetary control) of the Redevelopment Agency by \$2,445 and the debt service principal expenditures of the General Debt Service Fund by \$589,030. These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated transfers in the General Debt Service Fund and by use of fund balance in the Redevelopment Agency.

## NOTE O - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system, its sewer system, its pressurized irrigation system, its electric power distribution system and its drainage system. Because each of these activities is accounted for in separate funds and all of those funds are reported as major funds in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE R - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency was created in 1985 to increase and develop the commercial growth in the southeast area of the City, known as the Millpond Project Area. Redevelopment activity did not begin until 1996, when the first tax increment was generated.

In 1994, Micron Technologies, Inc., a computer chip manufacturer, approached the City for tax incentives to construct a manufacturing facility in Utah. This project, which became a component of the Redevelopment Agency of the City, is known as the Alpine Highway Project Area. Infrastructure improvements on and off site have been made over the last two years. In 1998, the tax increment related to this project was triggered and received by the Redevelopment Agency and was used for debt service.

For the year ended June 30, 2005, the following activity occurred in the City's Redevelopment Agency:

Tax increment collected from other taxing agencies for the project area  Millpond Project Area  Alpine Highway Project Area	\$ 105,739 1,865,119
Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects	\$ 1,970,858 \$39,987,886
Amounts expended for the acquisition of property Tax increments paid to other taxing agencies Amounts expended for site improvements and	\$ - 161,791
preparation costs Amounts expended for administrative costs	222,654
Amounts expended for installation of public utilities and other public improvements	\$ 384,445 \$ -

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE S - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expenditure in the General fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2005, and the expenditure recognized for the year then ended were calculated as follows based on the cumulative use of 66% of the estimated capacity of the landfill:

Total estimated closure and postclosure care costs	<b>\$</b> 227 <b>,68</b> 0
Capacity used as of June 30, 2005	69%
Cumulative closure and postclosure care liability	157,099
Amounts previously recognized	152, <b>10</b> 0
Amount to be recognized as of June 30, 2005	<b>\$ 4,99</b> 9
Amount recorded as an expenditure in the General	
Fund for the year ended June 30, 2005	<b>\$</b> 2,277
Amount recorded as an accrued liability in the General Fund as of June 30, 2005  Amount reported as a long-term liability in the	\$ 56,491
governmental activities statement of net assets	100,608
	<b>\$</b> 157 <b>,09</b> 9

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2005. The City expects the landfill to close in the year 2091 after reaching its total estimated capacity of 230,000 cubic yards. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required to establish financial assurance in accordance with the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Administrative Rules. The City must submit an annual report in which certain financial information is provided to the State indicating that the City meets the minimum financial requirements outlined in the aforementioned rules.

**JUNE 30, 2005** 

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE T – RESTATEMENT FOR RETROACTIVE REPORTING OF GENERAL INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

When the City originally adopted the general provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, they elected to delay the retroactive reporting of general infrastructure assets. Effective July 1, 2004, the City implemented the retroactive reporting of general infrastructure assets as required by GASB Statement No. 34. As a result, beginning net assets of governmental activities were increased by \$90,854,828.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

## COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Redevelopment Agency – This fund is used to account for tax increment revenues and expenses related to redevelopment projects in the City.

Lehi Community Foundation – This fund is used to account for private donations that are restricted for specified projects.

## **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Capital Projects MBA Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of various facilities including the City's recreation center and library.

## **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds are used to account for long-term principal and interest obligations of the General and Special Revenue Funds.

General Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds restricted for debt service and for the payment of that debt service.

Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds for debt service on debt issued to finance redevelopment projects.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	ENERAL DEBT ERVICE	A C	EVELOP- MENT GENCY DEBT RVICE		DEVELOP- MENT AGENCY	APITAL OJECTS MBA	CON	LEHI MMUNITY NDATION	 TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS									
CASH AND INVESTMENTS TAXES RECEIVABLE	\$ 87,690 -	\$	-	\$	<b>490,527 2,00</b> 0,000	\$ 31,494 -	\$	<b>9</b> 1,169 -	\$ 700,880 2,000,000
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS	<u>.</u> -		-		<b>8</b> 55,308 -	-		-	855,308 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 87,690	\$	<u>.</u> .	\$	3,345,835	\$ 31,494	\$	91,169	\$ 3,556,188
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DEFERRED REVENUE	\$	\$	-	\$	537,543 2,000,000	\$	\$	- -	\$ 537,543 2,00 <b>0,00</b> 0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 <del></del>		-		2,537,543	 			 2,537,543
FUND BALANCE RESERVED FOR CAPITAL	-				*	-		-	-
IMPROVEMENTS RESERVED FOR DEBT SERVICE UNRESERVED	- <b>8</b> 7,690				- <b>8</b> 08,29 <b>2</b>	31,494		- 91,169	 - 1,01 <b>8,64</b> 5
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 87,690			_	808,292	 31,494		91,169	 1,01 <b>8,64</b> 5
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ <b>8</b> 7,690	\$	-	_\$_	3,345,835	\$ 31,494	\$	91,169	\$ 3,556,188

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

							-				om. i
DE	EBT	AG D	ENCY EBT		MENT	PRO	JECTS	COM	MUNITY	NO! GOVE	OTAL NMAJOR RNMENTAL UNDS
		_		_	. 050 050	•		•		ç	2,901,058
-	•	2	-	2	1,970,838	3	-	J	•	,	590,000
	-		-		-		-		900		900
	292		-		22,383		6		-		22,681
3 1,5	20,492				1,993,241		6		900		3,514,639
	-		-		<b>384,44</b> 5		- 66		-		384, <del>44</del> 5 <b>6</b> 6
1.9	987.330		<b>126</b> ,013						-		2,113,343
*			-								2,230,367
S <u>2,8</u>	889.842		1,453,868		384,445		66				4,728,221
(1.3	<b>369.</b> 350)		1,453,868)	•	1,608,796		(60)		900		(1,213,582)
	-		•		148,285		-		-		148,285
1,3	<b>369,</b> 790		1,453,868		-		-		-		2,823,658 (1,651,613)
i) 1,	369,790		1,453,868	_	(1,651,613) (1,503,328)						1,320,330
	440		-		105,468		(60)		900		106,748
	87,250		<u>.</u>		702,824		31,554		90,269		911,897
											1,018,645
	DE SER' \$ 9 5 5 1,5 5 2,1	1,987,330 902,512 S 2.889,842 (1,369,350) 1,369,790 1,369,790 440	GENERAL AG DEBT SERVICE SEI  \$ 930,200 \$ \$ 990,000	DEBT SERVICE  \$ 930,200 \$ - 590,000 - 292 - 1,520,492 -  1,987,330 126,013 902,512 1,327,855  \$ 2,889,842 1,453,868  (1,369,350) (1,453,868)  1,369,790 1,453,868  3) 1,369,790 1,453,868  440 -	GENERAL AGENCY REI DEBT DEBT SERVICE SERVICE A  \$ 930,200 \$ - \$  \$ 930,000	GENERAL DEBT SERVICE         MENT AGENCY DEBT SERVICE         REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY           \$ 930,200 \$ - \$ 1,970,858         \$ 1,970,858           \$ 990,000 \$ - \$ 22,383         \$ 1,520,492           \$ 1,520,492 \$ - \$ 22,383         \$ 1,993,241           \$ 292 \$ - \$ 22,383         \$ 1,993,241           \$ 1,987,330 \$ 126,013 \$ 902,512 \$ 1,327,855         \$ 384,445           \$ 2,889,842 \$ 1,453,868 \$ 384,445         \$ 1,608,796           \$ 1,369,790 \$ 1,453,868 \$ (1,651,613) \$ (1,651,613) \$ (1,503,328) \$	GENERAL DEBT SERVICE         MENT MENT PRO AGENCY AGENCY         N           \$ 930,200 SERVICE         \$ 1,970,858 SERVICE         \$ 1,970,858 SERVICE           \$ 930,200 SERVICE         \$ 1,970,858 SERVICE         \$ 1,970,858 SERVICE           \$ 930,200 SERVICE         \$ 1,970,858 SERVICE         \$ 1,993,241           \$ 1,520,492 SERVICE         \$ 1,993,241         \$ 1,993,241           \$ 1,987,330 SERVICE         \$ 1,993,241         \$ 1,993,241           \$ 1,987,330 SERVICE         \$ 1,327,855         \$ 1,453,868         \$ 1,608,796           \$ 2,889,842 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,500,300 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,500,300 SERVICE         \$ 1,500,300 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,500,300 SERVICE	GENERAL DEBT SERVICE         MENT AGENCY DEBT SERVICE         REDEVELOP- MENT AGENCY         CAPITAL PROJECTS MBA           \$ 930,200 \$ - \$ 1,970,858 \$ - \$ 590,000 \$ - \$ 22,383 \$ 6         \$ - \$ 22,383 \$ 6         \$ - \$ 66           \$ 1,520,492 \$ - \$ 1,993,241 \$ 6         \$ 384,445 \$ - \$ 66         \$ 66           \$ 2,889,842 \$ 1,453,868 \$ 384,445 \$ 66         \$ 384,445 \$ 66         \$ 66           \$ (1,369,350) \$ (1,453,868) \$ 1,608,796 \$ (60)         \$ 660         \$ 660           \$ (1,369,790) \$ 1,453,868 \$ (1,503,328) \$ - \$ 660         \$ 660         \$ 660           \$ (1,369,790) \$ 1,453,868 \$ (1,503,328) \$ - \$ 660         \$ 660         \$ 660           \$ (1,369,790) \$ 1,453,868 \$ (1,503,328) \$ - \$ 660         \$ 660         \$ 660	GENERAL DEBT DEBT SERVICE         MENT MENT PROJECTS COM MBA FOUN           \$ 930,200 SERVICE         \$ 1,970,858 SERVICE         \$ 384,445 SERVICE           \$ 930,200 SERVICE         \$ 1,993,241 SERVICE         \$ 384,445 SERVICE           \$ 1,987,330 SERVICE         \$ 126,013 SERVICE         \$ 384,445 SERVICE           \$ 2,987,330 SERVICE         \$ 1,327,855 SERVICE         \$ 384,445 SERVICE           \$ 1,987,330 SERVICE         \$ 1,327,855 SERVICE         \$ 384,445 SERVICE           \$ 2,889,842 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 384,445 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,350 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,369,790 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE           \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE         \$ 1,453,868 SERVICE	GENERAL DEBT SERVICE         MENT AGENCY DEBT SERVICE         REDEVELOP- MENT AGENCY         CAPITAL PROJECTS MENT COMMUNITY FOUNDATION           \$ 930,200 5	MENT   AGENCY   REDEVELOP-   CAPITAL   LEHI   NOI

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS, SPECIAL REVENUE AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS STREETS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

				-			IANCE WITH AL BUDGET	
		BUDGETED	AMO	DUNTS		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
•	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL			
REVENUES SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	\$	537,000	\$	537,000	\$ 1,086,362	\$	549,362	
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		15,000		100,000	107,122		7,122	
TOTAL REVENUES		552,000		637,000	1,193,484		556,484	
EXPENDITURES								
OTHER CAPITAL OUTLAY		102,500 2,510,000		30 <b>2,50</b> 0 15,760, <b>00</b> 0	<b>87,55</b> 0 10,741 <b>,22</b> 9		214,9 <b>50</b> 5,018,77 <b>1</b>	
DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		<u>-</u>		-			-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,612,500		16,062,500	10,828,779		5,233,721	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,060,500)		(15,425,500)	(9,635,295)		5,790,205	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN		_			-		-	
TRANSFERS OUT		(537,000)		(537,000)	(1,087,984)		(550,984)	
ISSUANCE OF BONDS		(527,000)		15,810,000 15,273,000	5,251,200 4,163,216		(10,558,800) (11,109,784)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(537,000)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,597,500)		(152,500)	(5,472,079)		(5,319,579)	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		8,282,472		8,282,472	8,282,472			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	5,684,972	\$	8,129,972	\$ 2,810,393	<u>\$</u>	(5,319,579)	

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
CAPITAL PROJECTS MBA FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

							FINAL	NCE WITH BUDGET
		BUDGETED				72 TO 1 1 4 Y		SITIVE
	OR	IGINAL_		FINAL		CTUAL	(NEG	ATIVE)
REVENUES								
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE								
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6	\$	6
TOTAL REVENUES		•				6		6
EXPENDITURES								
CURRENT								
OTHER	•	-		-		6 <b>6</b>		(66)
CAPITAL OUTLAY		-		•		-		•
DEBT SERVICE				_		_		
PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		-		•				
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES						66		(66)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES						(60)		(60)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
TRANSFERS IN		-		-		-		-
TRANSFERS OUT		•		•				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(60)		(60)
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		31,554		31,554		31,5 <b>54</b>	<del></del>	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	31,554	<u>s</u>	31,554		31,494	<u>\$</u>	(60)

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

							VARIA	ANCE WITH	
							FINA	L BUDGET	
		BUDGETEI	) AM	OUNTS			POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
	С	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL			
REVENUES									
TAXES									
PROPERTY TAX REVENUE	\$	<b>2,05</b> 0,00 <b>0</b>	\$	1,870,000	\$	1,970,858	\$	100,858	
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE									
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		1,000		20,000		22,383		2,383	
TOTAL REVENUES		2,051,000		1,890,000		1,993,241		103,241	
EXPENDITURES									
REDEVELOPMENT									
PERSONNEL		172,000		191,000		207,000		(16,000)	
GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE		9,600		9,600		15,654		(6,054)	
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES		20,000		18,400		-		18,400	
CONTRIBUTION TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS		186,400		163,000		161,791		1,209	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		388,000		382,000		384,445		(2,445)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES		1,663,000		1,508,000		1,608,796	4	105,686	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
ISSUANCE OF NOTES		148,300		148,300		148,285		(15)	
TRANSFERS OUT		(1,811,300)		(1,656,300)	(	1,651,613)		4,687	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1,663,000)		(1,508,000)		1,503,328)		4,672	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		105,468		110,358	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		702,824		702,824		702,824		*	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	702,824	\$	702,824	<u>\$</u>	808,292	<u>\$</u>	110,358	

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGETEI	AMOUNTS .		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES TAXES INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	\$ - 5 <b>90</b> ,000	\$ 930,200 590,000	\$ 930,200 590,000	\$ - -
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	-	-	292	292
TOTAL REVENUES	590,000	1,520,200	1,520,492	292
EXPENDITURES DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	938,300 470,500	1,398,300 940,700	1,987,330 902,512	(5 <b>89</b> ,030) <b>38,188</b>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,408,800	2,339,000	2,889,842	(550,842)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(818,800)	(818,800)	(1,369,350)	(550,550)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT	818,800	818,800	1,369,790	550,990 - 550,990
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	010,800	010,000		440
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	•	440	440
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	87,250	87,250	87,250	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 87,250	\$ 87,250	\$ 87,690	\$ 440

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FOR THE TEAR ENDED CONE SO, 2000							FINA	NCE WITH L BUDGET
•	BUI	OGETED	AMO	DUNTS			PC	SITIVE
	ORIGI	NAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	\$		\$	100	\$	-	\$	(100)
TOTAL REVENUES				100				(100)
EXPENDITURES DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		30,000 53,300		130,000 1,453,300		126,013 327,855		3,987 125,445
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,5	83,300		1,583,300	1,	453,868		129,432
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,5	83,300)		(1,583,200)	(1,	.453,868)		129,332
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		83,300 - 83,300		1,583,200		,453,868 - ,453,868		(129,332)
	·····							_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-				
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR				•				-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	*

### SUPPLEMENTARY INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULE

### General Fund

This supplementary schedule is included to provide management with additional information for financial analysis.

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

REVENUES	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 50, 2005			BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET OSITIVE	
REVENUES						ACTUAL			
PROPERTY TAXES   \$ 2,360,000   \$ 2,515,000   \$ 3,84,000   \$ 338,	REVENUES								
INLEU OF GENERAL SALES TAX   2,325,000   1,570,000   1,750,000   1,80,000   1,60,000	TAXES					-			
FRANCHISE TAX	PROPERTY TAXES		\$		• •	\$ 2,587,021	\$		
PRANCHISE TAX	IN LIEU OF			384,000	384,000	,			
TOTALS	GENERAL SALES TAX								
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS   BUSINESS AND ANIMAL LICENSES   BUILDING PERMITS   850,000   1,300,000   1,582,722   282,722   1,400,000   2,400,000   2,651,841   251,8	FRANCHISE TAX								
BUSINESS AND ANIMAL LICENSES   37,500		TOTALS		6,484,000	6,049,000	6,543,562		494,562	
BUILDING PERMITS									
IMPACT FEES					,	•			
TOTALS   2,287,500   3,745,000   4,283,213   538,213					•				
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE   CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS   450,000   201,544   (248,456)   CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS ALLOTMENT   13,500   19,000   18,249   (751)   STATE PARK GRANT   50,000   50,000   172,350   122,350   COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION   30,000   40,000   33,896   (1,004)   OTHER GRANTS   378,000   223,000   40,892   (182,108)   CHARGES FOR SERVICE   TOTALS   221,500   782,000   472,031   (309,969)   CHARGES FOR SERVICE   PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES   751,000   77,836   2,836   RECREATION FEES   750,000   77,836   2,836   RECREATION FEES   750,000   77,836   2,836   RECREATION FEES   750,000   1,046,000   1,485,158   439,158   GENERAL FOR FUNDER FOR FUNDER FOR FUNDER FOR FUNDER	IMPACT FEES								
CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS   450,000   450,000   201,544   (248,456)   STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT   13,500   19,000   18,249   (751)   STATE PARK GRANT   50,000   50,000   172,350   122,350   COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION   30,000   40,000   38,966   (1,004)   OTHER GRANTS   378,000   223,000   40,892   (182,108)   CHARGES FOR SERVICE   TOTALS   921,500   782,000   472,031   (309,969)   CHARGES FOR SERVICE   PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES   75,000   75,000   77,816   2,816   2,836   RECREATION FEES   1,040,000   1,460,000   1,485,158   439,158   CHARGES FOR SERVICE REVENUE   20,000   20,000   19,475   (525)   (525	•	TOTALS		2,287,500	3,745,000	4,283,213		538,213	
STATE LQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT         13,500         19,000         18,249         (751)           STATE PARK GRANT         50,000         50,000         12,2350         122,350           COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION         30,000         40,000         38,996         (1,004)           OTHER GRANTS         TOTALS         921,500         782,000         472,031         (309,969)           CHARGES FOR SERVICE <td a="" contract="" o<="" of="" rows="" td="" the=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
STATE PARK GRANT	CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS			-	*			• •	
COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION   30,000   40,000   38,996   (1,004)   OTHER GRANTS   TOTALS   921,500   223,000   40,892   (182,108)   (182,108)   (1,004)   (1,04	STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT				•	•			
OTHER GRANTS         378,000         223,000         40,892         (182,108)           CHARGES FOR SERVICE         PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES         791,000         1,118,000         1,120,081         2,081           PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES         791,000         1,75,000         77,836         2,836           RECREATION FEES         1,040,000         1,046,000         1,485,158         439,158           OTHER SERVICE REVENUE         20,000         20,000         19,475         (525)           FINES AND FORFEITURES         951,000         1,102,000         1,300,040         198,040           MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE           INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS         100,000         150,000         146,000         146,707         2.707           MISCELLANEOUS         597,500         490,000         400,159         (88,841)           MISCELLANEOUS         10,000         144,000         146,707         2.707           MISCELLANEOUS         597,500         490,000         400,159         (88,841)           MISCELLANEOUS         13,277,500         147,21,000         16,006,438         1,285,438           EXPENDITURES           CENERAL GOVERNMENT         200         20,000         270,007         270,007 <td>STATE PARK GRANT</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td> <td></td>	STATE PARK GRANT					*			
TOTALS   921,500   782,000   472,031   (309,969)	COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION			30,000	40, <b>000</b>				
CHARGES FOR SERVICE	OTHER GRANTS			378,000	223,000	40,892			
PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES   791.000   1,118,000   1,120,081   2,081     CEMETERY FEES   75,000   75,000   77,836   2,836     RECREATION FEES   1,040,000   1,046,000   1,485,158   439,158     OTHER SERVICE REVENUE   20,000   20,000   19,475   (525)     TOTALS   1,926,000   2,259,000   2,702,550   443,550     FINES AND FORFEITURES   951,000   1,102,000   1,300,040   198,040     MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE   100,000   150,000   158,176   8,176     SALE OF FIXED ASSETS   10,000   144,000   146,707   2,707     MISCELLANEOUS   10,000   147,000   16,006,438   1,285,438    EXPENDITURES   10,000   147,21,000   16,006,438   1,285,438    EXPENDITURES   240,000   270,000   705,042   (78,958)     COURT   PERSONNEL   240,000   270,000   270,037   (37)     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   308,300   413,800   481,227   (67,427)     CAPITAL   TOTAL   560,800   725,800   796,502   (70,702)    ADMINISTRATIVE   PERSONNEL   237,000   269,500   284,441   (14,941)     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   237,000   269,500   284,441   (14,941)     CAPITAL   TOTAL   574,000   675,500   660,179   15,321    TREASURY   PERSONNEL   231,000   250,000   252,439   (2,439)     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   231,000   250,000   252,439   (2,439)     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   231,000   87,252   48     CAPITAL   4,000   6,000   6,038   (38)		TOTALS		921,500	782,000	472,031		(309,969)	
CEMETERY FEES   75,000	CHARGES FOR SERVICE								
RECREATION FEES   1,040,000   1,046,000   1,485,158   439,158   C1HER SERVICE REVENUE   TOTALS   1,926,000   20,000   19,475   (525)   443,550   1,926,000   2,259,000   2,702,550   443,550   1,926,000   2,259,000   2,702,550   443,550   1,000   1,000,000	PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES			791,000	1,118,000	1,120,081		2,081	
OTHER SERVICE REVENUE         20,000         20,000         19,475         (525)           FINES AND FORFEITURES         1,926,000         2,259,000         2,702,550         443,550           FINES AND FORFEITURES         951,000         1,102,000         1,300,040         198,040           MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE         100,000         150,000         158,176         8,176           SALE OF FIXED ASSETS         10,000         144,000         146,707         2,707           MISCELLANEOUS         597,500         490,000         400,159         (89,841)           MISCELLANEOUS         13,277,500         14,721,000         16,006,438         1,285,438           EXPENDITURES           GENERAL GOVERNMENT         2000         270,000         270,037         (37)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         308,300         413,800         481,227         (67,427)           CAPITAL         12,500         42,000         45,238         (3,238)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         333,500         376,000         355,441         20,559           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         TOTAL         574,000         675,500<	CEMETERY FEES			75,000	75,000	77,836		2,836	
OTHER SERVICE REVENUE         20,000         20,000         19,475         (525)           FINES AND FORFEITURES         1,926,000         2,259,000         2,702,550         443,550           FINES AND FORFEITURES         951,000         1,102,000         1,300,040         198,040           MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE         100,000         150,000         158,176         8,176           SALE OF FIXED ASSETS         10,000         144,000         146,707         2,707           MISCELLANEOUS         597,500         490,000         705,042         (78,958)           TOTALS         707,500         784,000         705,042         (78,958)           EXPENDITURES         GENERAL GOVERNMENT         2240,000         270,000         270,037         (37)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         308,300         413,800         481,227         (67,427)           CAPITAL         12,500         42,000         45,238         (3,238)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         333,500         376,000         355,441         20,559           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         TOTAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15	RECREATION FEES			1,040,000	1,046,000	1,485,158		<b>439</b> ,158	
FINES AND FORFEITURES COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES  **Position** **Pos	OTHER SERVICE REVENUE			20,000_	20,000	19,475			
COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES         951,000         1,102,000         1,300,040         198,040           MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS         100,000         150,000         158,176         8,176           SALE OF FIXED ASSETS         10,000         144,000         146,707         2,707           MISCELLANEOUS         597,500         490,000         400,159         (89,841)           TOTALS         707,500         784,000         705,042         (78,958)           TOTAL REVENUES         13,277,500         14,721,000         16,006,438         1,285,438           EXPENDITURES           GENERAL GOVERNMENT         240,000         270,000         270,037         (37)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         308,300         413,800         481,227         (67,427)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         12,500         42,000         45,238         (3,238)           ADMINISTRATIVE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         333,500         376,000         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY           PERSONNEL		TOTALS		1,926,000	2,259,000	2,702,550		443,550	
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS SALE OF FIXED ASSETS MISCELLANEOUS  TOTALS  TOTALS  TOTALS  TOTALS  TOTAL REVENUES  TOTAL REVENU	FINES AND FORFEITURES								
Interest on Investments	COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES			951,000	1,102,000	1,300,040		198,040	
Interest on Investments	MOCELLANGOUS DEVENUE								
SALE OF FIXED ASSETS   10,000   144,000   146,707   2,707     MISCELLANEOUS   597,500   490,000   400,159   (89,841)     TOTALS   707,500   784,000   705,042   (78,958)     TOTAL REVENUES   13,277,500   14,721,000   16,006,438   1,285,438      EXPENDITURES   GENERAL GOVERNMENT     COURT   PERSONNEL   240,000   270,000   270,037   (37)     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   308,300   413,800   481,227   (67,427)     CAPITAL   12,500   42,000   45,238   (3,238)     TOTAL   560,800   725,800   796,502   (70,702)     ADMINISTRATIVE   PERSONNEL   333,500   376,000   355,441   20,559     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   237,000   269,500   284,441   (14,941)     CAPITAL   3,500   30,000   20,297   9,703     TREASURY   PERSONNEL   231,000   250,000   252,439   (2,439)     OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   56,300   87,300   87,252   48     CAPITAL   4,000   6,000   6,038   (38)			-	100.000	150 000	159 176		8 176	
MISCELLANEOUS   S97,500   490,000   400,159   (89,841)   707,500   784,000   705,042   (78,958)   (70,000   16,006,438   1,285,438   (78,958)					•	,			
TOTALS 707,500 784,000 705,042 (78,958)  TOTAL REVENUES 13,277,500 14,721,000 16,006,438 1,285,438  EXPENDITURES  GENERAL GOVERNMENT  COURT  PERSONNEL 240,000 270,000 270,037 (37)  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 308,300 413,800 481,227 (67,427)  CAPITAL 12,500 42,000 45,238 (3,238)  TOTAL 560,800 725,800 796,502 (70,702)  ADMINISTRATIVE  PERSONNEL 333,500 376,000 355,441 20,559  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 237,000 269,500 284,441 (14,941)  CAPITAL 574,000 675,500 660,179 15,321  TREASURY  PERSONNEL 231,000 250,000 252,439 (2,439)  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 56,300 87,300 87,252 48  CAPITAL 4,000 6,000 6,038 (38)					•				
TOTAL REVENUES   13,277,500   14,721,000   16,006,438   1,285,438	MISCELLANEOUS	TOTALO							
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT COURT PERSONNEL 240,000 270,000 270,037 (37) OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 308,300 413,800 481,227 (67,427) CAPITAL 12,500 42,000 45,238 (3,238) TOTAL 560,800 725,800 796,502 (70,702)  ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL 333,500 376,000 355,441 20,559 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 237,000 269,500 284,441 (14,941) CAPITAL 3,500 30,000 20,297 9,703 TOTAL 574,000 675,500 660,179 15,321  TREASURY PERSONNEL 231,000 250,000 252,439 (2,439) OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 56,300 87,300 87,252 48 CAPITAL 4,000 6,000 6,038 (38)		IUIALS		707,300	784,000	703,042		(78,938)	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT COURT  PERSONNEL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  CAPITAL  TOTAL  DESCRIPTIONS AND MAINTENANCE  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  TOTAL  TOTAL  S60,800  TOTAL  333,500  376,000  355,441  CAPITAL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  PERSONNEL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  CAPITAL  TOTAL  3,500  30,000  20,297  9,703  TOTAL	TOTAL	EVENUES		13,277,500	14,721,000	<b>16</b> ,006, <b>438</b>		1,285,438	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT COURT  PERSONNEL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  CAPITAL  TOTAL  DESCRIPTIONS AND MAINTENANCE  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  TOTAL  TOTAL  S60,800  TOTAL  333,500  376,000  355,441  CAPITAL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  PERSONNEL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  CAPITAL  TOTAL  3,500  30,000  20,297  9,703  TOTAL		•				-			
PERSONNEL         240,000         270,000         270,037         (37)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         308,300         413,800         481,227         (67,427)           CAPITAL         12,500         42,000         45,238         (3,238)           TOTAL         560,800         725,800         796,502         (70,702)           ADMINISTRATIVE         PERSONNEL         333,500         376,000         355,441         20,559           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         3,500         30,000         20,297         9,703           TREASURY         70 TAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)	GENERAL GOVERNMENT								
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         308,300         413,800         481,227         (67,427)           CAPITAL         12,500         42,000         45,238         (3,238)           TOTAL         560,800         725,800         796,502         (70,702)           ADMINISTRATIVE         PERSONNEL         333,500         376,000         355,441         20,559           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         3,500         30,000         20,297         9,703           TREASURY         TOTAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)				242.22	A=4 Ac-			/a=\	
CAPITAL         12,500         42,000         45,238         (3,238)           TOTAL         560,800         725,800         796,502         (70,702)           ADMINISTRATIVE         PERSONNEL         333,500         376,000         355,441         20,559           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         3,500         30,000         20,297         9,703           TREASURY         TOTAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)									
TOTAL 560,800 725,800 796,502 (70,702)  ADMINISTRATIVE  PERSONNEL 333,500 376,000 355,441 20,559  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 237,000 269,500 284,441 (14,941)  CAPITAL 3,500 30,000 20,297 9,703  TOTAL 574,000 675,500 660,179 15,321  TREASURY  PERSONNEL 231,000 250,000 252,439 (2,439)  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 56,300 87,300 87,252 48  CAPITAL 4,000 6,000 6,038 (38)									
ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL 333,500 376,000 355,441 20,559 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 237,000 269,500 284,441 (14,941) CAPITAL 3,500 30,000 20,297 9,703 TOTAL 574,000 675,500 660,179 15,321  TREASURY PERSONNEL 231,000 250,000 252,439 (2,439) OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 56,300 87,300 87,252 48 CAPITAL 4,000 6,000 6,038 (38)	CAPITAL								
PERSONNEL         333,500         376,000         355,441         20,559           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         3,500         30,000         20,297         9,703           TOTAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY         PERSONNEL         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)		TOTAL		560,800	725,800	796,502		(70,702)	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         237,000         269,500         284,441         (14,941)           CAPITAL         3,500         30,000         20,297         9,703           TOTAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY         PERSONNEL         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)									
CAPITAL         3,500         30,000         20,297         9,703           TOTAL         574,000         675,500         660,179         15,321           TREASURY         PERSONNEL         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)				,	·	•			
TOTAL 574,000 675,500 660,179 15.321  TREASURY  PERSONNEL 231,000 250,000 252,439 (2,439)  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 56,300 87,300 87,252 48  CAPITAL 4,000 6,000 6,038 (38)	OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE					*			
TREASURY         231,000         250,000         252,439         (2,439)           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)	CAPITAL								
PERSONNEL       231,000       250,000       252,439       (2,439)         OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE       56,300       87,300       87,252       48         CAPITAL       4,000       6,000       6,038       (38)		TOTAL		574,000	675,500	660,179		15,321	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         56,300         87,300         87,252         48           CAPITAL         4,000         6,000         6,038         (38)									
CAPITAL 4,000 6,000 6,038 (38)				-	•				
				•					
TOTAL 291,300 343,300 345,729 (2,429)	CAPITAL								
		TOTAL		291,300	343,300	345,729	-	(2,429)	

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FINANCE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL GERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL TOTA	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005				٧٠	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
FINANCE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL T						POSITIVE
PERSONNEL   193,000			ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
PERSONNEL   193,000	FINANCE				-	
Departions and Maintenance   81,700   59,443   19,25   1			<b>193</b> ,000	167,000	161,531	5,469
CAPITAL   TOTAL   278,200   7,500   7,622   (12			•	88,700	69,443	19,257
LEGISLATIVE   PERSONNEL   95,000   102,000   93,095   8,90   OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   38,000   40,500   28,248   12,25   12,25   CAPITAL   TOTAL   133,000   142,500   121,343   21,15   CAPITAL   TOTAL   133,000   142,500   121,343   21,15   CAPITAL   TOTAL   133,000   126,500   120,929   5.37   OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   46,600   83,700   54,589   29,11   CAPITAL   TOTAL   231,750   224,200   189,022   35,17   23,12   CAPITAL   TOTAL   231,750   224,200   235,137   23,12   CAPITAL   TOTAL   231,750   224,200   235,137   23,12   CAPITAL   TOTAL   140,500   497,000   487,583   9,41   CAPITAL   CAPITAL   TOTAL   185,500   324,033   (62,23   62,23	<del>-</del>		•		7,622	(122)
LEGISLATIVE	CHITAL	TOTAL				24,604
PERSONNEL   95,000   102,000   93,095   8,90   OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   38,000   40,500   28,248   12,25   CAPITAL   TOTAL   133,000   142,500   121,343   21,15	I EGISI ATIVE				<del></del>	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL  T			95 000	102.000	93.095	8,905
TOTAL   133,000   142,500   121,343   21,15				•		12,252
TOTAL   133,000   142,500   121,343   21,15			20,000	-		-
FACILITIES MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL DITAL	CAPITAL	TOTAL	133,000	142 500	121 343	21,157
PERSONNEL   138,000   126,500   120,929   5.57	CACH TIES MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	133,000	142,500	121,515	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         46,600 47,150 14,000 13,504 49         49,150 13,504 189,022 35,17         23,1750 224,200 189,022 35,17         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 224,200 23,17,10         23,1750 23,1750 23,177         23,1750 23,1750 23,177         23,1750 23,1750 23,177         23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 23,1750 24,17			138 000	126 500	120 929	5.571
CAPITAL   TOTAL   271,50   14,000   13,504   49			•	,	•	•
TOTAL 231,750 224,200 189,022 35,17  TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT 2,069,050 2,374,500 2,351,371 23,12  PUBLIC SAFETY  POLICE  PERSONNEL 1,707,000 2,713,000 2,703,531 9,46  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 1,140,500 497,000 487,583 9,41  CAPITAL TOTAL 3,033,000 3,471,800 3515,147 (43,34  FIRE  PERSONNEL 0,97,300 116,400 99,982 16,41  CAPITAL TOTAL 358,900 444,400 412,302 31,89  ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL 0,700,000 444,400 412,302 31,89  ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL 0,700,000 444,400 412,302 31,89  TOTAL 1,707,000 2,713,000 2,703,531 9,46  CAPITAL TOTAL 358,900 261,000 38,3132 (33,32)					•	496
PUBLIC SAFETY   POLICE	CAPITAL	TOTAL				
PUBLIC SAFETY POLICE PERSONNEL 1,707,000 2,713,000 2,703,531 9,465 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 1,140,500 497,000 487,583 9,41 CAPITAL 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 FIRE PERSONNEL 208,000 290,000 274,188 15,81 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 97,300 116,400 99,982 16,41 CAPITAL 53,600 38,000 38,032 (33 ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL 53,600 38,000 38,332 (33 ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL 0 53,600 38,000 38,332 (33 ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL 0 53,600 54,988 8,51 CAPITAL TOTAL 60,200 63,500 54,988 8,51 CAPITAL TOTAL 60,200 3,979,700 3,982,637 (2,93 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL 0 393,000 390,000 377,147 12,88 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 25,000 36,500 51,359 5,14 CAPITAL TOTAL 494,400 490,900 472,200 18,70 PLANNING AND ZONING PERSONNEL 0 365,000 367,000 31,359 5,14 CAPITAL TOTAL 494,400 490,900 472,200 18,70 PERSONNEL 0 365,000 367,000 31,359 5,14 CAPITAL TOTAL 494,400 490,900 119,164 (16 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 88,100 129,600 119,060 119,060 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 88,100 129,600 119,060 10,54 CAPITAL TOTAL 485,600 515,600 499,615 15,90 INSPECTIONS PERSONNEL 564,000 563,500 539,950 23,53 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,400 247,900 238,545 9,33 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,500 30,000 28,702 1,22 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,400 247,900 238,545 9,33 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,500 30,000 28,702 1,22 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,500 30,000 880,702 1,22		IUIAL				
POLICE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL 1,140,500 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 (62,23 185,500 261,800 324,033 185,5147 (43,34 185,500 290,000 274,188 15,81 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 97,300 116,400 99,982 16,41 CAPITAL TOTAL 358,900 444,400 412,502 31,89 ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL TOTAL 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		2,069,050	2,374.300	2,331,371	23,129
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         1,707,000 1,140,500         2,713,000 497,000         2,703,531 487,583         9,46 9,46 9,400           CAPITAL         1,140,500         497,000         487,583         9,41 141,500           CAPITAL         TOTAL         3,033,000         3,471,800         324,033         (62,23 62,23           FIRE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         208,000 97,300         290,000 116,400         274,188         1,81 1,81 1,641           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         97,300 13,800         116,400 38,000         99,982 38,332         16,41 (338)           ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         60,200 10,200         63,500 63,500         54,988 5,51         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         TOTAL         60,200 60,200         63,500 60,200         54,988 60,51         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         393,000 25,000         390,000 36,500         377,147 36,500         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         365,000 76,400         360,000 36,500         313,359 36,500         54,988 36,51         35,70           PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         365,000 36,500         360,000 36,500         361,391 36,500         56,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENAN	PUBLIC SAFETY					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE   1,140,500   497,000   487,583   9,41	POLICE					
TOTAL   185,500   261,800   324,033   (62,23	PERSONNEL		1,707,000	2,713,000	2,703,531	9,469
FIRE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		1,140,500	497,000	487,583	9,417
FIRE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  NOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS	CAPITAL		185,500	261,800	324,033	(62,233)
PERSONNEL         208,000         290,000         274,188         15,81           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         97,300         116,400         99,982         16,41           CAPITAL         53,600         38,000         38,332         (33           ANIMAL CONTROL         TOTAL         358,900         444,400         412,502         31,89           ANIMAL CONTROL         PERSONNEL         -         -         -         -         -           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         TOTAL         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         3,452,100         3,979,700         3,982,637         (2,93           COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT         PERSONNEL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         TOTAL         494,400         490,900         472,200         18,76           PLANNING AND ZONING         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,66           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         <	<b>2.1.</b> (3.1.2.	TOTAL	3,033,000	3,471,800	3,515,147	(43,347)
PERSONNEL         208,000         290,000         274,188         15,81           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         97,300         116,400         99,982         16,41           CAPITAL         53,600         38,000         38,332         (33           ANIMAL CONTROL         TOTAL         358,900         444,400         412,502         31,89           ANIMAL CONTROL         PERSONNEL         -         -         -         -         -           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         TOTAL         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         3,452,100         3,979,700         3,982,637         (2,93           COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT         PERSONNEL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         TOTAL         494,400         490,900         472,200         18,76           PLANNING AND ZONING         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,66           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         <	FIRE					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         97,300 53,600         116,400 38,000         99,982 38,332         16,41 (33           ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         TOTAL         358,900         444,400         412,502         31,89           TOTAL PUBLIC SAND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         3,452,100         3,979,700         3,982,637         (2,93           COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         TOTAL         494,400         64,400         63,694         70           PLANNING AND ZONING PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           INSPECTIONS PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35 <tr< td=""><td>PERSONNEL</td><td></td><td>208,000</td><td>290,000</td><td>274,188</td><td>15,812</td></tr<>	PERSONNEL		208,000	290,000	274,188	15,812
CAPITAL   TOTAL   358,900   38,000   38,332   338			97,300	116,400	<del>9</del> 9,982	16,418
ANIMAL CONTROL PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL TOTAL				38,000	38,332	(332)
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL  TOTAL	0	TOTAL	358,900	444,400	412,502	31,898
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL  TOTAL	ANIMAL CONTROL					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         3,452,100         3,979,700         3,982,637         (2,93           COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           PLANNING AND ZONING PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           INSPECTIONS PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           INSPECTIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         707,000         841,400         807,197         34,20			•	•	•	-
CAPITAL         TOTAL         60,200         63,500         54,988         8,51           TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         3,452,100         3,979,700         3,982,637         (2,93)           COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERSONNEL OPERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         76,400         64,400         63,694         77           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           INSPECTIONS PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         515,600         499,615         15,98           INSPECTIONS OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,33           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20			60,200	63,500	54,988	8,512
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY  TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY  TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY  COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT  PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION  PERSONNEL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  CAPITAL  TOTAL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE  CAPITAL  TOTAL  TOTAL					-	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY         3,452,100         3,979,700         3,982,637         (2,932)           COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT         PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION           PERSONNEL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         76,400         64,400         63,694         70           PLANNING AND ZONING         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           PERSONNEL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,99           INSPECTIONS         PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20		TOTAL	60,200	63,500	54,988	8,512
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL  PERSONNEL  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL  TOTAL	TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY			3,979,700	3,982,637	(2,937)
PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION           PERSONNEL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         76,400         64,400         63,694         70           PLANNING AND ZONING         70,000         490,900         472,200         18,70           PERSONNEL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,98           INSPECTIONS         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
PERSONNEL         393,000         390,000         377,147         12,85           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         76,400         64,400         63,694         70           PLANNING AND ZONING         494,400         490,900         472,200         18,70           PERSONNEL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,96           INSPECTIONS         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,59           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20						
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         25,000         36,500         31,359         5,14           CAPITAL         76,400         64,400         63,694         70           TOTAL         494,400         490,900         472,200         18,70           PLANNING AND ZONING         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,98           INSPECTIONS         PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20	•		202 000	200,000	277 147	12 853
CAPITAL         76,400         64,400         63,694         70           PLANNING AND ZONING         494,400         490,900         472,200         18,70           PERSONNEL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,98           INSPECTIONS         PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20			•			•
TOTAL 494,400 490,900 472,200 18,700  PLANNING AND ZONING  PERSONNEL 365,000 367,000 361,391 5,600  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 88,100 129,600 119,060 10,540  CAPITAL TOTAL 485,600 515,600 499,615 15,980  INSPECTIONS  PERSONNEL 564,000 563,500 539,950 23,550  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,400 247,900 238,545 9,360  CAPITAL TOTAL 790,900 841,400 807,197 34,200			."			706
PLANNING AND ZONING           PERSONNEL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         32,500         19,000         19,164         (16           INSPECTIONS         TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,98           INSPECTIONS         PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20	CAPITAL	<b>TOT!</b>				
PERSONNEL         365,000         367,000         361,391         5,60           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         32,500         19,000         19,164         (16           INSPECTIONS         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,96           PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20		TOTAL	494,400	490,900	472,200	10,700
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         88,100         129,600         119,060         10,54           CAPITAL         32,500         19,000         19,164         (16           TOTAL         485,600         515,600         499,615         15,98           INSPECTIONS PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           CAPITAL         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         700,900         841,400         807,197         34,20			265.000		261 201	5 600
32,500   19,000   19,164   (16   15,98   15,						,
TOTAL 485,600 515,600 499,615 15,98  INSPECTIONS PERSONNEL 564,000 563,500 539,950 23,55  OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 203,400 247,900 238,545 9,35  CAPITAL TOTAL 790,900 841,400 807,197 34,26						(164)
INSPECTIONS         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           PERSONNEL         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         23,500         30,000         28,702         1,25           TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20	CAPITAL	TOTAL				15,985
PERSONNEL         564,000         563,500         539,950         23,55           OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,35           CAPITAL         23,500         30,000         28,702         1,25           TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20	NICOPOTIONIC	IVIAL	400,000	5.5,000	.,,,,,,,	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE         203,400         247,900         238,545         9,33           CAPITAL         23,500         30,000         28,702         1,25           TOTAL         790,900         841,400         807,197         34,20			564 000	563 500	539 950	23,550
CAPITAL 23,500 30,000 28,702 1,20 TOTAL 790,900 841,400 807,197 34,20			•	•		9,355
TOTAL 790,900 841,400 807,197 34,20						1,298
101/12	CAPITAL	TOT 4.1				34,203
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT 1,770,900 1,847,900 1,719,012 06,66		IUIAL				68,888
	TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		1,770,900	1,04/,700	1,717,012	

CONTINUED

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FOR THE IERK BIDDED SUITE 50, 2005				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<i>*</i>		ANCE WITH
				010.000			L BUDGET
	-	BUDGETED ORIGINAL	AM	FINAL	ACTUAL		OSITIVE EGATIVE)
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	-	ORIGINAL	_	FINAL	ACTUAL	(IAE	GATIVE)
STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS					•		•
PERSONNEL		637,000		655,000	539,513		115,487
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		468,000		501,000	679, <b>077</b>		(178,077)
CAPITAL		1,051,000		1,066,000	1,299,695		(233,695)
TO	TAL _	2,156,000		2,222,000	2,518,285		(296,285)
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE							
PARKS							
PERSONNEL		337,000		405,000	395,057		9,943
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		202,200		116,200	116,616		(416)
CAPITAL		434,000		755,000	1,310,925	<del></del>	(555,925)
COMMUNITY ARTS AND EVENTS	ΓAL -	973,200		1,276,200	1,822,598		(546,398)
PERSONNEL		_		_	_		_
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		106,250		234,250	253,262		(19,012)
CAPITAL				,	,		(***,*****) *
TO	ral -	106,250		234,250	253,262		(19,012)
SENIOR CITIZENS	-	***************************************					
PERSONNEL		82,000		93,000	89, <b>380</b>		3,620
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		48,000		45,500	38,435		7,065
CAPITAL	-	4,000		6, <b>500</b>	5,898		602
	ΓAL _	134,000		145,000	133,713		11,287
RECREATION		ć11 00 <b>0</b>		001.000	046 611		72 400
PERSONNEL		611,000		881,000	847,511		<b>33,</b> 489 <b>49,</b> 383
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL		1,460, <b>200</b> 3,423,545		685,400 118,000	636, <b>017</b> 158, <b>185</b>		(40,185)
TO	ΓΔΙ -	5,494,745		1,684,400	1,641,713		42,687
LIBRARY	-	3,777,173		1,004,400	1,041,713		12,007
PERSONNEL		417,000		444,000	422,109		21,891
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		170,000		249,900	258,151		(8,251)
CAPITAL		37,900		31,000	31,360		(360)
	TAL	624,900		724,900	711,620		13,280
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	_	7,333,095		4,064,750	4,562,906		(498,156)
CEMETERY							
PERSONNEL		206,000		212,000	202,956		9,044
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		54,700		64, <b>0</b> 00	62, <b>259</b>		1,741
CAPITAL		61,500		67,000	64,389		2,611
	ΓAL _	322,200		343,000	329,604		13,396
TOTAL EXPENDITU	RES _	17,103,345		14,831,850	15,523,815		(691,965)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(3,825,845)		(110,850)	482, <b>623</b>		593,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
TRANSFERS IN		550,000		550,000	747, <b>745</b>		, <b>197</b> ,745
TRANSFERS OUT		(425,500)		(504 <b>,900</b> )	(504 <b>,906</b> )		(6)
TRANSFER TO COMPONENT UNIT		(30,000)		(100,000)	(100,000)		- '
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	_	94,500		(54,900)	142,839		197,739
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,731,345)		(165,750)	625,462		<b>791,2</b> 12
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	5,422,207		5,422,207	5,422,207		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	=	\$ 1,690,862	\$	5,256,457	\$ 6,047,669	\$	<b>791,</b> 212

### COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Swimming Pool - To account for operating and capital activities of the recreational service.

Garbage—To account for the provisions of the garbage services to the residents of the City. These funds account for all activities necessary to provide such services including, but not limited to, administration, operations maintenance and billing, and collections.

Ambulance - To account for the financial activities of the health services of the City.

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

00110 30, 2003			BI	JSINESS-T	YPE A	CTIVITIES		
•	SW	IMMING		,				
		POOL	G	ARBAGE	AM	BULANCE	T	OTALS
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS			_				•	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	1/2 100
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)		15		151,865		11,308		163,188
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		15		151,865	<u> </u>	11,308		163,188
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		•		-		10,000
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		10,000 485,048		-		201,936		686,984
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET						·		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		495,048		<del>-</del>		201,936		696,984
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	495,063	<u>\$</u>	151,865	<u>\$</u>	213,244	<u>\$</u>	860,172
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	\$	4,341	\$	37 <b>2,26</b> 9	\$	27,335	\$	<b>403</b> ,945
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		-		117,724		4,046		121,770
WAGES PAYABLE		16,386		-		1,699		18,085
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES		-		•		<b>7,82</b> 7		7,827
CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM						41 174		41 174
OBLIGATIONS						41,174		41,174
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		20,727		489,993		82,081		<b>592</b> ,801
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						2 (00		2 (00
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		-		-		2,609		2,609
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES		-		-		41,985		41,985
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						44,594		44,594
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,727		489 <b>,99</b> 3		126,675		637,395
NET ASSETS								
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT		495,048		-		159,951		<b>654,</b> 999
UNRESERVED		(20,712)		(338,128)		(73,382)		(432,222
TOTAL NET ASSETS		474,336		(338,128)		86,569		222,777
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	495,063	_\$_	151,865	\$	213,244	\$	860,172

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
	SWIMMING										
OPERATING REVENUES	POOL	GARBAGE	AMBULANCE	TOTALS							
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ -	\$ 1,200,183	\$ 254,131	\$ 1,454,314							
ADMISSION AND LESSON FEES	64,963	-	-	64,963							
CONCESSION AND RENTAL REVENUES	17,022	-	-	17,022							
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES				-							
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	81,985	1,200,183	254,131	1,536,299							
OPERATING EXPENSES											
PERSONNEL	110,676	-	251,690	36 <b>2,36</b> 6							
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	2,284	15,271	5,382	22,937							
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE	73,390	1,241,785	67,422	1,382,597							
DEPRECIATION	49,005	_	53,511	102,516							
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	235,355	1,257,056	378,005	1,870,416							
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(153,370)	(56,873)	(123,874)	(334,117)							
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	-	-	11, <b>308</b>	11,308							
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	-	-	-	-							
INTEREST EXPENSE	-	-	(3,403)	(3,403)							
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			7,905	7,905							
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(153,370)	(56,873)	(115,969)	(326,212)							
TRANSFERS IN	76,100	-	147,000	223,100							
TRANSFERS OUT				-							
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	76,100		147,000	223,100							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(77, <b>27</b> 0)	(56,873)	31,031	(103,112)							
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	551,606	(281,255)	55,538	325,889							
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 474,336	\$ (338,128)	\$ 86,569	\$ 222,777							

PORTITE LAW MINDS COLLEGE		·	BU	SINESS-T	YPE A	CTIVITIES		
	SW	/IMMING POOL	GAR	BAGE	AM	BULANCE_		OTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS  CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS  CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES  RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS) FROM OTHER FUNDS	\$	81,984 (86,085) (105,935) 4,341		184,301 242,120) 57,819	\$	242,823 (73,306) (254,863) 16,926	\$	1,509,108 (1,401,511) (360,798) 79,086
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(105,695)			•	(68,420)		(174,115)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT		76,100 -		- - -	<del></del>	11,308 147,000		11,308 223,100
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		76,100				158,308		234,408
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS PAYMENTS MADE ON CAPITAL LEASES INTEREST PAID ON CAPITAL LEASES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		- - - - - -		- - -		(41,939) (44,546) (3,403) - (89,888)		(41,939) (44,546) (3,403)  (89,888)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-				<u> </u>		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	(29,595) 29,595_ -	<u>\$</u>	-	S	-	<u> </u>	(29,59 <b>5</b> ) 29,595
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED CASH	\$ <u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS ACQUIRED UNDER CAPITAL LEASE	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	\$	(153,370)	\$	(56,873)	\$	(123,874)	\$	(334,117)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  DEPRECIATION		49,005		-		<b>53</b> ,511		102,516
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES  ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE  ACCOUNTS PAYABLE  ACCRUED LIABILITIES  DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	_	- (5,671) - 4,341		(15,882) 14,936 - 57,819		(11,308) (5,269) 1,594 16,926		(27,190) 3,996 1,594 79,086
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	(105,695)	<u> </u>		\$	(68,420)	\$	(174,115)

STATISTICAL SECTION

Lehi City Corporation

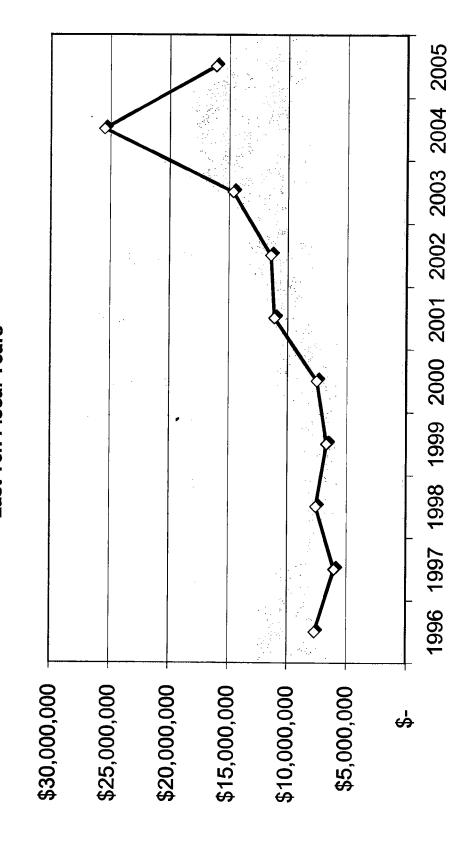
General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses by Function (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 7,682,002	6,042,639	7,595,141	6,706,918	7,531,721	11,121,611	11,428,964	14,650,090	25,486,038	16,128,721
Other and Transfers	\$ 319,489	283,407	170,504	217,007	239,158	1,114,703	802,049	2,238,019	12,486,710	604,906
Cemetery	\$ 141,744	201,887	206,677	206,472	222,468	192,169	367,759	284,773	267,909	329,604
Parks Culture & Recreation	\$ 607,596	726,287	755,997	1,001,345	1,521,098	2,104,281	2,880,260	2,774,849	3,432,867	4,562,906
Highway and Streets	\$1,108,440	822,363	1,463,348	1,396,318	1,219,410	2,413,394	1,687,978	2,153,217	1,964,867	2,518,285
Public Safety and Comm. Devel.	\$ 4,793,264	3,164,946	4,071,773	2,914,889	3,276,211	3,947,933	4,071,414	5,002,216	5,176,646	5,761,649
General	\$ 711,469	843,749	926,842	970,887	1,053,376	1,349,131	1,619,504	2,197,016	2,157,039	2,351,371
Fiscal <b>Yea</b> r	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

(1) Includes the General Fund only

Total General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses Last Ten Fiscal Years Chart 1

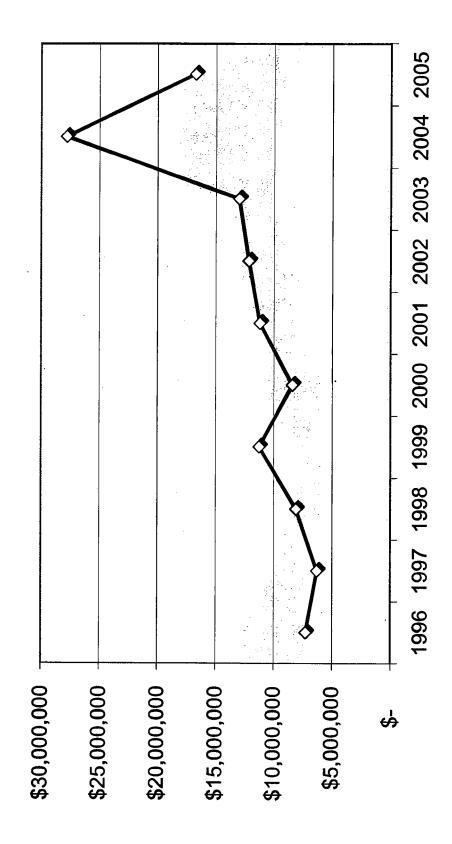


Lehi City Cororation
General Governmental Revenues and Other Financing Sources (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Тахез	Licenses Fees & Permits	Inter- Governmnt	Charges for Services	Fines and Forfeitures	Interest and Misc.	Contributions and Transfers	Proceeds from Bond Issuance and Capital Lease	Total
1996	\$ 1.818.279	\$ 405,077	\$ 360,597	\$4,063,088	\$ 223,174	\$ 231,223	\$ 157,246	ı <del>6</del>	\$ 7,258,684
1997	2.815.627	219,175	460,893	1,887,121	212,061	525,249	172,950	•	6,293,076
1998	2,712,582	483,708	834,102	2,779,279	248,807	837,940	•	199,608	8,096,026
1999	3,097,555	1,806,436	857,308	1,363,471	255,404	629,309	684,236	2,567,406	11,261,125
2000	3,413,584	1,597,241	813,085	781,331	324,639	519,165	472,206	484,432	8,405,683
2001	5,689,134	1,630,571	590,779	1,599,166	559,311	519,244	543,114	74,779	11,206,098
2002	5,484,095	1,813,277	675,339	1,578,816	623,722	269,057	1,320,651	384,688	12,149,645
2003	6,463,976	2,240,770	878,869	1,510,792	770,293	388,181	468,785	271,709	12,993,375
2004	6,348,859	3,340,344	825,552	1,967,509	976,371	1,115,307	1,000,500	12,245,000	27,819,442
2005	6,543,562	4,283,213	472,031	2,702,550	1,300,040	705,042	747,745		16,754,183

(1) Includes General Fund only.

Chart 2
General Governmental Revenues and Other Financing Sources
Last Ten Fiscal Years



## Lehi City Corporation Tax Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Property Tax	_	eneral Use and Sales Tax	F	ranchise Tax	of	es in Lieu Personal Property Tax	 Total
1996	\$ 505,926	\$	1,001,525	\$	157,710	\$	153,118	\$ 1,818,279
1997	1,295,766		1,199,409		161,118	•	159,334	2,815,627
1998	700,036		1,342,511		481,367		188,668	2,712,582
1999	771,483		1,603,597		521,700		200,775	3,097,555
2000	857,453		1,786,233		572,173		197,725	3,413,584
2001	2,050,143		2,446,381		852,345		340,265	5,689,134
2002	1,470,180		2,266,702		1,346,252		400,961	5,484,095
2003	2,464,529		2,212,632		1,451,033		335,782	6,463,976
2004	2,043,534		2,356,721		1,608,100		340,504	6,348,859
2005	2,587,021		1,758,008		1,864,640		333,893	6,543,562

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General Fund only.

2005 Fees in Lieu of Personal Property Tax 2004 ■General Use and Sales Tax 2003 2002 Tax Revenues by Source 2001 Last Ten Fiscal Years 2000 Chart 3 1999 General Property Tax Franchise Tax 1998 1997 1996 \$2,500,000 \$2,000,000 \$500,000 \$3,000,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,000,000 ⇎

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years **Lehi City Corporation** 

Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	98.7%	97.8%	81.2%	%6:96	%0'.26	102.4%	86.2%	101.9%	105.3%	104.3%
Total Tax Collection	\$ 463,961	1,284,181	689,942	730,907	842,469	1,429,547	1,673,483	2,084,304	2,281,207	2,450,310
Delinquent Tax Collections	\$ 21,328	21,629	44,213	38,561	41,173	62'629	97,042	152,568	143,511	(32,450)
Percent of Current Tax Collected	94.1%	96.1%	76.0%	91.8%	92.3%	97.9%	% <b>2</b> ′06	94.4%	<b>98.6</b> %	105.6%
Current Tax Collection	\$ 442,633	1,262,552	645,729	692,346	801,296	1,366,918	1,576,441	1,931,736	2,137,696	2,482,760
Total Tax Levy	\$ 470,249	1,313,567	849,947	753,918	868,199	1,396,464	1,738,916	2,045,359	2,167,286	2,350,221
Fiscal Year (2)	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002

Includes General Fund only.
 Taxes are collected and reported by the County for the calendar year rather than July 1 to June 30 fiscal year.

Lehi City Corporation
Assessed and Estimated Actual
Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxable	Taxable Value (1)	To	Total	Ratio of Assessed
Fiscal Year (2)	Real Property	Personal Property (3)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Value to Total Estimated Actual Value
1006	¢ 233 837 683	\$ 13.162.049	\$ 246,999,732	\$ 403,704,552	61.2%
1990	646 213 014	40 697 650	686.911.564	868,934,537	79.1%
1997	413,201,214	43 861 401	457,163,271	612,965,224	74.6%
1990	905,100,015	40 718 942	433,791,904	707,651,390	61.3%
6661 6661	393,014,902	47.081.03E	466 522 642	723,256,003	64.5%
2000	419,241,010 512,373,413	48 357 888	561, 731, 301	733,714,100	<b>76.6</b> %
2002	013,373,413 684 203 303	35 036 732	716,430,035	1,191,215,705	60.1%
2002	001,383,303	20,000,100	1.125,631,117	1,557,999,509	72.2%
2003	024,001,100	166 657 463	1 019 583 570	1 675 255 691	%6.09
2004	926,326	501,150,001	0.000,000,000	4 670 409 306	%8 88°
2005	1,012,159,310	142,807,609	1,154,906,919	1,0/0,423,390	9,000

personal property at the Micron Technology facility. The decrease in assessed and personal (1) Values were obtained from the Utah County Auditor and do not include properties which property values in 2004 was due to a reassessment of several large properties in Lehi are taxed separately under tax increment programs. The decrease in 1998 occurred The dramatic increase in personal property in 2003 was due to a reassessment of because the value of certain properties was diverted to tax increment programs.

<sup>(2)</sup> Numbers based on calendar year not fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Personal Property has been combined with centrally assessed values.

Table 6

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses Last Ten Fiscal Years Lehi City Corporation

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	2.1%	3.0%	ı	1	ı	ı	•	•	1	•
Total General Governmental Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 7,682,002	6,042,639	7,595,141	6,706,918	7,531,721	11,121,611	11,428,964	14,650,090	25,486,038	16,128,721
Total Debt Service	\$ 159,255	178,941	•	•		•	•		,	,
Interest	\$ 31,038	22,678		•	•	ı	•	ı	*	ı
Principal	\$ 128,217	156,263			•	•		•	•	1
Fiscal Year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002

Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years Lehi City Corporation Property Tax Rates

Lehi City Debt Service Fund	Total	Alpine School District	Utah County	Central Utah Water Conservancy District	Northern Utah County Water Conservancy District	Lehi Metropolitan Water District	Other	Total
4	76	6.492	1.605		0.040	0.027		10.869
189		5.457	1.545		0.039	0.009		9.729
1.918	•	6.410	1.266	0.397	0.043	0.014	0.416	10.464
1.861		6.962	1.197		0.040	0.014		10,884
2.486		6.884	1.116		0.040	0.014		11.307
2.552		6.769	1.038		0.037	0.013		11.144
2.452		6.953	1.034		0.036	0.013		11.194
2.541		7.884	1.053		0.036	0.013		12.243
2.462		8.119	1.065		0.035	0.010		12.404
2.663		8.082	1.040		0.033	0.011		12.580

<sup>\*</sup>Tax rates are set by Utah County on a calendar year basis rather than a July 1 to June 30 fiscal year. \*\*Rates are stated per \$1000 of assessed value.

# Lehi City Corporation Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds June 30, 2005

Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the Citizens of Lehi City	Appl the C	mount icable to itizens of hi City
Direct:				
Lehi City	\$ -	100.0%	\$	-
Overlapping:				
State of Utah	1,377,390,000	0.90%	12	2,396,510
Utah County	17,440,000	7.00%	•	1,220,800
Alpine School District	292,830,000	12. <b>70</b> %	3	7,189,410
Central Utah Water Conservancy District	318,325,950	1.60%		5,093,215
Total:	\$ 2,005,985,950		\$ 43	3,503,425

Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits Lehi City Corporation Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Bank Deposits (3)										
neous lion (1)	Value	2,455,565	2,402,620	309,558	4,594,032	426,138	2,436,800	1,495,089	1,483,021	8,989,271	3,209,168
Miscellaneous Construction (1	Number of Permits	156 \$	112	19	175	98	125	85	52	139	176
ntial Jon (1)	Value	9,235,533	9,016,386	6,197,512	44,978,808	41,364,730	52,049,954	76,101,206	48,704,755	142,781,078	262,221,307
Residential Construction (1)	Number of Permits	135 \$	113	103	548	442	437	637	307	817	1188
ımercial ruction (1)	Value	8,491,107	24,800,095	1,227,569	10,379,822	17,434,800	6,280,498	24,160,758	7,074,220	9,179,746	36,375,189
Commercial Construction (	Number of Permits	28	21	9	18	62	20	53	16	47	29
Real Property	Taxable Value	233,837,683	646,213,914	413,301,870	393,074,962	419,241,616	513,373,413	681,393,303	834,159,420	852,926,407	,012,159,310
ž	Fiscal Year (2)	1996 \$	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 (4)	2004	2005

Source: Building Inspection Department of Lehi City.
 Numbers based on calendar year not fiscal year.
 Deposit figures available on a state-wide basis only.
 2003 numbers based on January 1 to June 30.

### Lehi City Corporation Principal Taxpayers (1) June 30, 2005

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2005 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Micron Technology, Inc.	Computer Chip Manufacturer	\$ 114,694,100	9.93%
Thanksgiving Point L.C.	Commercial	31,743,892	2.75%
Qwest Corp	Communications	8,349,665	0.72%
Albertsons Inc.	Grocery	5,363,600	0.46%
Thai Properties, LLC	Real Estate	7,409,427	0.64%
Mayflower Harbor Apartments	Rental	5,192,199	0.45%
Open Court	Recreation	4,353,270	0.38%
Cabelas Retail	Retailer	4,000,000	0.35%
Oldcastle	Manufacturing	3,235,215	0.28%
Questar Gas	Utility	4,289,522	0.37%
		\$ 188,630,890	16.33%

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include tax increment programs.

## Lehi City Corporation Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2005

Taxable Value	\$ 1,012,159,310
Estimated Market Value	1,678,423,396
Debt limit: 4% of market value (1)	67,136,936
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:  Total bonded debt (including special assessment bonds, if any)	•
Less: Assets in debt service funds available for payment or principal (2)	-
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit	<del>-</del>
Legal debt margin	\$ 67,136,936

- (1) Debt margin applies only to General Obligation Bonds.
- (2) Debt service monies available are net of reserves dedicated to other debt issues, i.e., revenue bonds and capital leases.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Lehi City Corporation Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	ا <del>دی</del>	•	1	1		•	•	•	ı	1
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	<b>0</b> .00%	<b>0</b> .00%	<b>0</b> .00%	%00' <b>0</b>	0.00%	0.00%	<b>0</b> .00%
Net Bonded Debt	' <del>⇔</del>	ı		•	1	1	•	•	•	
Debt Payable from Enterprise Revenues	- -	1	ı	1				•	•	1
Less Debt Service Fund(3)	· <del>69</del>	•	•	•	•	,	ı	•	ı	
Gross Bonded Debt(2)	, <del>(</del>		,	ı	•	ı		1		•
Assessed Value(1)	\$ 246,999,732	686,911,564	457,163,271	433,791,904	466,522,642	561,731,301	716,430,035	1,125,631,117	1,019,583,570	1,154,966,919
Population	\$ 14,455	15,466	17,128	18,325	19,028	20,930	24,122	26,314	30,000	34,433
Fiscal Year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000 (4)	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002

From Table 5.

Amount does not include special assessment bonds and revenue bonds. **E**00**04** 

Amount available for repayment of general obligation bonds. 2000 Population total provided by US Census Bureu

Revenue Bond Coverage **Lehi City Corporation** Last Ten Fiscal Years **Enterprise Funds** 

	COVELAGE	277.0%	372.9%	316.2%	516.7%	526.2%	215.9%	187.9%	400.0%	470.6%	599.1%
- - -	I Otal	\$ 724,496	716,622	724,322	727,579	828,981	1,064,220	1,298,366	1,203,985	1,235,704	1,250,490
ilrements (3)	Interest	\$ 339,716	395,578	362,916	372,006	420,566	532,960	505,007	509,311	517,779	463,915
Debt Service Requirements (3)	Principal	384,780	321,044	361,406	355,573	408,415	531,260	793,359	694,674	717,925	786,575
٥		↔									
Net Revenue Available for	Debt Service	2,007,181	2,672,419	2,290,255	3,759,556	4,362,387	2,298,080	2,440,048	4,815,508	5,815,819	7,492,192
<b>8</b> & (	<u> </u>	↔			·						
Operating	Expenses (2)	\$ 4,313,272	4.962,423	5,465,063		6,869,715	11,255,166			20,217,520	19,011,905
	Revenues (1)	\$ 6,320,453	7.634.842	7.755,318	9,813,508	11.232.102	13.553.246	21.870.254	23.982.398	26,033,339	26,504,097
Fiscal	Year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

Total revenues (including interest and impact fees)
 Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.
 Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only. It does not include debt defeasance transactions.

## Lehi City Corporation Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unemployment Rate (2)	2.9%	2.3%	2.8%	3.1%	3.1%	3.2%	4.9%	4.0%	3.8%	3.6%
School										
Median Age					23.6					
Per Capita Income										
Population (1)	14,455	15,466	17,128	18,325	19,028	20,930	24,122	26,314	30,000	34,433
Fiscal Year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000 (3)	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

<sup>(1)</sup> Population estimates made by the Lehi City Planning Department.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unemployment numbers are for the entire Utah County population.

<sup>(3)</sup> Totals are taken from 2000 Census conducted by US Bureau of Census

### Table 15

### Lehi City Corporation FY 05 Statistical Information

General Information:	
Date of Incorporation	Feb 6, 1852
Form of Government	· Strong Mayor
Full Time City Employees	109 (20 Exempt)
Area of the City	32 Sq. Miles
Businesses	884
Streets & Transportation	
Miles of Paved Streets	• 154
Number of Street Lights	1,200
Recreation:	
Community Centers	1
Parks Parks	20
Park Acreage	195
Pla <b>ygr</b> ounds	14
Sports Fields	5
Swimming Pools	1
Museums	3
Fire Protection:	
Stations	1
Full-time Fire Fighters	2
Part-time Fire Fighters	40
Fire Incidents	63
Fire Inspections	151
Police Protection:	
Stations	1
Police Officers	24
Patrol Units	11
Traffic Citations	9,808
Misdemeanors	3,764
Assaults	106
Building Permits Issued:	
Residential	483
Multi-family	35
Commercial	15
Other	136
Sewer & Drainage System: **	
Sanitary Sewer Lines	154 Miles
Storm Drains	55
Treatment Facilities	1 Service District
Sewer Service Connections	8,546 Connections
Daily Average Treatment	2,900,000 Gallons
Culinary Water System:	
Water Mains	178 Miles
Service Connections	8,546 Connections
Daily Average Consumption	1,846,575 Gallons
Pressurized Irrigation:	mala a maranta
Water Mains	163 Miles
Service Connections	8,548
Fire Hydrants	1,064
Electric Distribution System:	
Service Lines	189 Miles
Service Connections	9,381
Distribution Stations	3
Peak Substation Capacity Used	45.7 Mega Watts

Table 16

### Lehi City Corporation Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Billings		Special Assessmer Collections		
1996	\$	•	\$	-	
19 <b>97</b>		-		-	
1998		-		-	
1999		-		-	
2000		-		-	
2001		-		-	
2002		903,108		903,108	
2003		905,908		905,908	
2004		907,320		907,320	
2005 (1)		756,861		1,837,34	

<sup>(1)</sup> The property owners within the Special Improvement District made several prepayments during the year, which reduced the assessment billing amount. The prepayments also resulted in the large special assessment collection amount for 2005.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### **LEHI CITY CORPORATION**

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE

MANAGEMENT LETTER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

### OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated December 1, 2005

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and the Utah State Auditor's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Online Tolline & Balle Plea

December 1, 2005

### OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2005. As part of our audit, we have audited the City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

B & C Road Funds

(Department of Transportation)

Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)

The City also received the following nonmajor grants which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, these programs were subjected to testwork as part of the audit of the City's financial statements.)

Emergency Medical Services (Department of Health)
Justice Court Technology, Security and Training (Administrative Office of the Courts)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with the following general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
B & C Road Funds
Truth in Taxation & Property Tax
Limitations
Impact Fees

Other General Issues
Budgetary Compliance
Justice Court
Liquor Law Enforcement
Uniform Building Code
Standards
Asset Forfeiture

The management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above

occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with requirements referred to above, which are described in the accompanying management letter. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Lehi City Corporation, Utah, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Odome Follies & Bahler PLIC

December 1, 2005

### OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lehi City Corporation (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2005, we noted certain matters for your consideration. This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Also, included are descriptions of immaterial instances of noncompliance. This letter does not affect our report dated December 1, 2005, on the financial statements of the City. Also, reportable conditions and material internal control weaknesses, if any, are included in our report dated December 1, 2005, in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE

#### **Fund Balance**

State law requires that a reduction in fund balance be budgeted when unrestricted fund balance exceeds 18% of budgeted revenues. At June 30, 2005, the unrestricted fund balance is approximately 30% of the 2004-2005 budgeted revenues, not including budgeted impact fee revenue.

#### Recommendation

The City is required to budget the excess within the next budget year (fiscal year 2006-2007).

### Management Response and Action Plan

The City will budget the excess within the fiscal year 2006-2007 budget year.

#### **Expenditures in Excess of Budgets**

The City incurred expenditures in excess of approved budget amounts in the following governmental funds:

	Expenditures in Excess of Budget
General Fund	
Public safety	\$ 2,937
Streets and highways	296,285
Parks, recreation and culture	498,156
General Debt Service Fund	
Debt Service – Principal	589,030
Capital Projects Streets Fund	
Transfers out	550,984
Redevelopment Agency	
Community development	2, <b>44</b> 5

### Recommendation

The City should more closely monitor expenditures and operating expenses to ensure they do not exceed budgeted amounts.

### Management Response and Action Plan

The expenditures that caused the budget overages were not anticipated. The finance department will work hard to stop these unexpected expenditures from occurring in the future by performing additional reviews of expenditures in June.

### impact fee refunds

According to state law, refunds of impact fees that had been previously paid to the City, in connection with the issuance of a building permit, are to include interest earned on the amounts that had been remitted to the City. We noted several instances wherein a refund of impact fees did not include the required interest amounts.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the City develop procedures wherein refunds of impact fees that had been collected when a building permit was issued are reviewed for reasonableness and, as part of that review, verification that interest was appropriately included in the refund amount.

### Management Response and Action Plan

The City agrees with this recommendation and will establish procedures to review the refunds and calculate interest to be paid with the refund.

#### OTHER COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### **Develop an Accounting Procedures Manual**

The City does not have an updated accounting procedures manual. There may be an assumption that because the City's accounting system is relatively simple and the accounting personnel have direct and easy access to the finance director when questions arise, there is no need for a manual. However written procedures, instructions, and assignments of duties will prevent or reduce misunderstandings, errors, inefficient or wasted effort, duplicated or omitted procedures, and other situations that can result in inaccurate or untimely accounting records. A well-devised accounting manual can also help to ensure that all similar transactions are treated consistently, that accounting principles used are proper, and that records are produced in the form desired by management. A good accounting manual should aid in the training of new employees and possibly allow for delegation to other employees of some accounting functions management performs.

#### Recommendation

Management should develop an accounting procedures manual that includes, along with a chart of accounts, detailed explanations of account content, appropriate descriptions of all accounting procedures and routines, and definitions of job duties, authority, and responsibility. We also recommend that management periodically review the finance department's compliance with standard procedures.

### Management Response and Action Plan

The accounting procedures will be updated and documented as recommended.

#### Develop a Year-end Closing Schedule and Checklist of Closing Procedures

This year's closing process was delayed because some important procedures were not performed on time while others were performed too early in the process. The results were delays in producing closing entries, trial balances, schedules, reconciliations, analysis of certain accounts and other financial reports needed by management and the auditors.

#### Recommendation

We believe the year-end closing would proceed more quickly and accurately by developing a schedule for the closing procedures. The timing of specific procedures should be logical and should also be coordinated with the timing of management's or the auditor's need for the information. The closing procedures should be documented in a checklist that indicates who will perform each procedure and when completion of each procedure is due an accomplished. The due dates should be monitored by management to determine that they are being met.

Management Response and Action Plan

We agree that this year's process was delayed for a variety of reasons. We will work with the auditor to develop a timeline and checklist that assigns responsibility to the appropriate party for completeness and timeliness and we will monitor these for compliance by all parties and take corrective action when required.

### **Document Review and Approval Procedures for Accounts Payable**

Procedures that document what is required for bills to be processed and paid should be updated. Many of the procedures mentioned here may currently be in use; however, updating the documentation of this process will assist personnel to know what is expected at all levels of management as they approve invoices, record payments and authorize disbursements.

Disbursements should be made only from approved documentation such as original invoices. Supporting documentation should be cancelled to prevent re-use and eliminate double payments. Merchandise purchases should be agreed to purchase orders or receiving documentation. Purchases of services should be reviewed for reasonableness and compliance with the terms of contracts, agreements or policies. Policies for employee related expenses including travel, cell phones, and vehicle usage, should be clear and easy to understand. Travel expenses should be agreed to prior approvals. Cell phone bills should be reconciled to an approved user list. Vehicle expenses should be assigned to vehicles and when possible to employees. Proper segregation of duties requires that approval and review of invoices be made by someone other than the party that receives or manages the items or services purchased.

### Recommendation

It is frequently good practice to obtain professional assistance in the organization and development of accounting routines and methods, which will provide reasonable internal controls. We would suggest that management obtain the services of a consulting organization that could help develop these procedures in a timely and efficient way.

Management Response and Action Plan

Current City policies and procedures are being followed with respect to the items mentioned. We agree that a periodic review of these procedures will result in improvements and we will obtain the services of a qualified consultant to assist in reviewing these procedures. Any changes to our current procedures will be reviewed with the Mayor and City Council prior to implementation.

### **Bank Reconciliations**

The bank reconciliations are currently being done on a timely basis by City personnel; however, certain items should be reviewed in more detail to improve their accuracy and completeness. For example, we noted over \$33,555 in outstanding checks on the June 30, 2005 operating account bank reconciliation that had been outstanding in the prior year.

Recommendation

The list of outstanding checks should be reviewed on a regular basis to assess the propriety of the items included in the list. Old checks included on the list should be reviewed and voided if necessary and remitted to the State as unclaimed property if appropriate.

Management Response and Action Plan

We accept the recommendation stated by the auditors and will implement the necessary procedures.

### **Accumulated Deficits**

At year end, the Garbage Fund had an accumulated deficit of \$338,128.

#### Recommendation

Management should reevaluate rates charged in this fund for its services and activities to ensure that revenues are sufficient to cover the operating expenses of the fund. If rates are not sufficient, transfers from the General fund or other sources should be budgeted and paid.

### Management Response and Action Plan

The City acknowledges the deficit incurred by the Garbage Fund and has already taken steps to reduce the deficit. The City Council approved a City-wide recycling program, which is designed to reduce the waste stream to the solid waste transfer station where a majority of the costs occur. The City is also looking at a voluntary green waste program that will further reduce the amount of waste taken to the solid waste transfer station, resulting in lower tipping fees while collecting the same amount of revenue.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ostome Follies & Bulles PLLC

December 1, 2005